



**GLASSLINE**

Planning manual

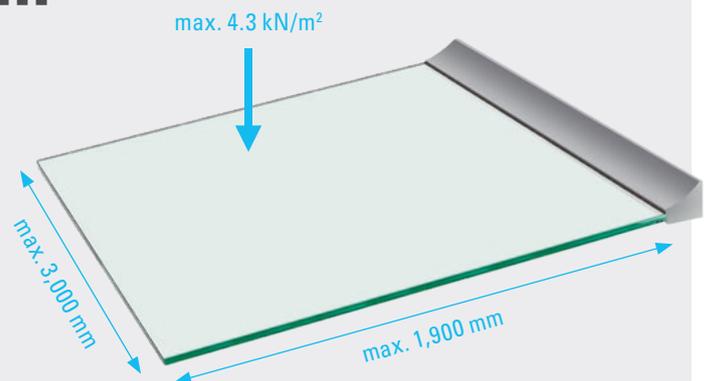
**CANOPY** *cloud*

All-glass canopy system

# CANOPY *cloud*

## All-glass canopy system

- ✓ Projection up to 1,900 mm
- ✓ Glass width up to 3,000 mm
- ✓ Only linearly mounted
- ✓ For snow loads up to 4.3 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (corresponds to approx. 4.3 m new snow depth!)
- ✓ The simplest installation principle without drilling the glass
- ✓ LED lighting possible
- ✓ Glass stock program with 64 pane sizes
- ✓ Online configuration tool for fast requests and orders



You can now configure **CANOPY *cloud*** online for a fast and precise request:  
[www.glassline.de/canopy-configuration-tool](http://www.glassline.de/canopy-configuration-tool)

ETA

With European  
Technical Assessment (ETA)

CE

AbZ

With General  
Building Inspectorate  
Approval (AbZ)



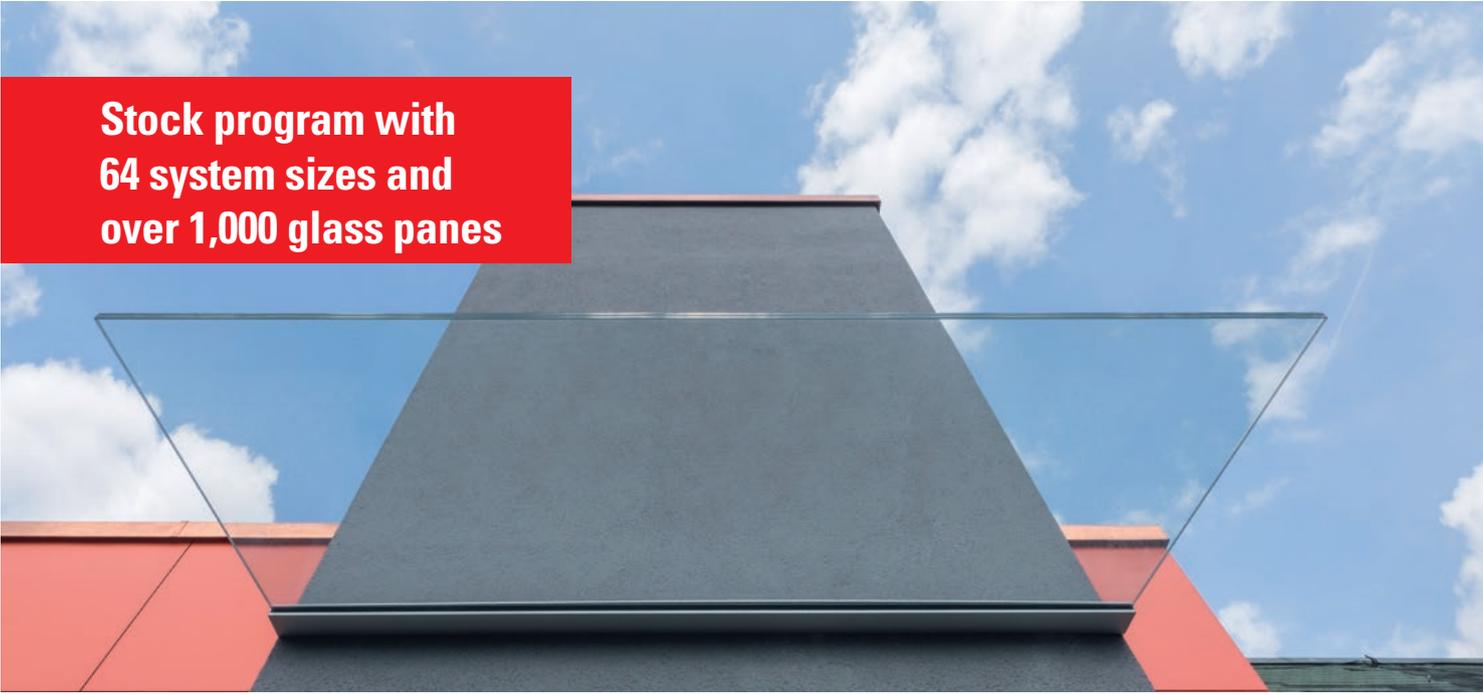
With statics  
calculations

LGA  
tested

LGA-tested  
safety

KEINE  
ZIE  
ERFORDERLICH

MADE IN  
GERMANY



**Stock program with  
64 system sizes and  
over 1,000 glass panes**

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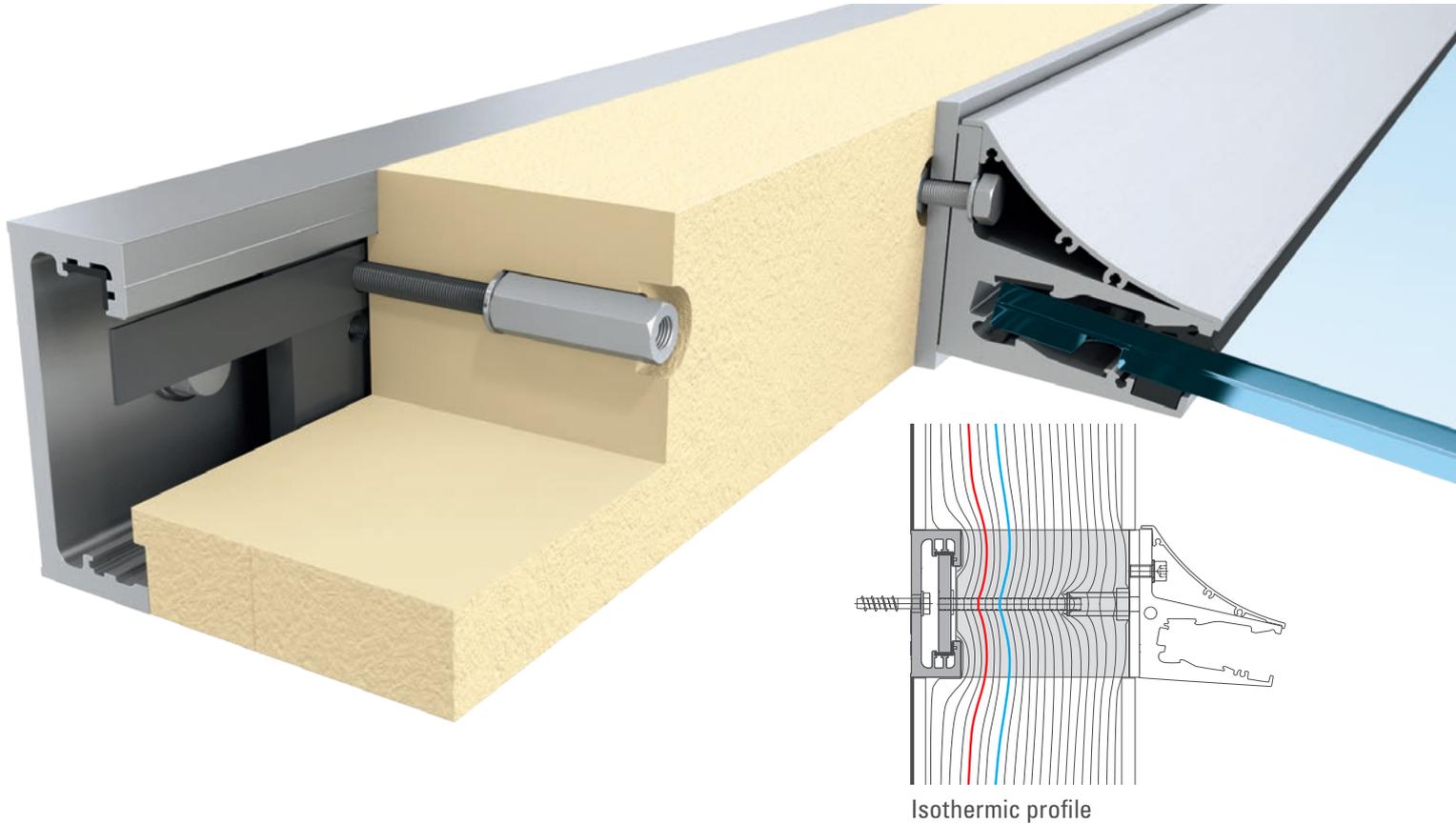
## **CANOPY** *cloud*

100% transparent, 100% simple assembly  
and 100% design-focussed.

The **CANOPY** *cloud* all-glass canopy system sets new standards for the trend topic "transparency in canopies". Glass canopies just don't get more transparent than this.

Where other functional structures dominate the atmosphere of the entrance area with columns, braces and wall brackets, **CANOPY** *cloud* focuses on pure transparency:

As much as desired and as little as required.



## Safe attachment of **CANOPY *cloud*** to thermally insulated façades **FIX'N SLIDE**

- reduction of heat bridges
- secure mounting of add-on elements

The proven FIX'N SLIDE from GLASSLINE ensures securely fastened add-on elements on heat-insulated walls and facades. Thermal bridges are reduced. With few components and different insulation element sizes, any insulation thickness can easily be thermally and statically bridged.

Whether new or existing construction – FIX'N SLIDE acts as a rail for linear installation of every on-site situation.

# System 1,100

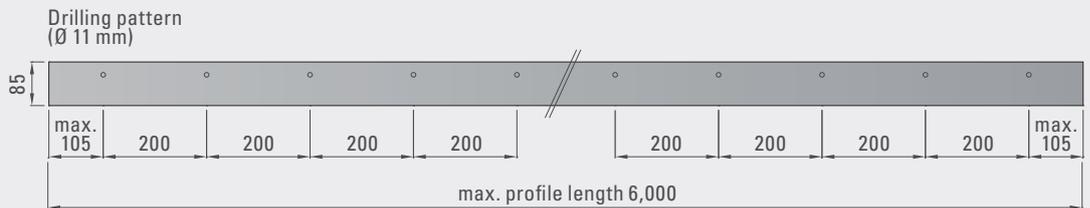
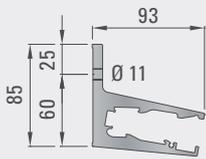


### Characteristics

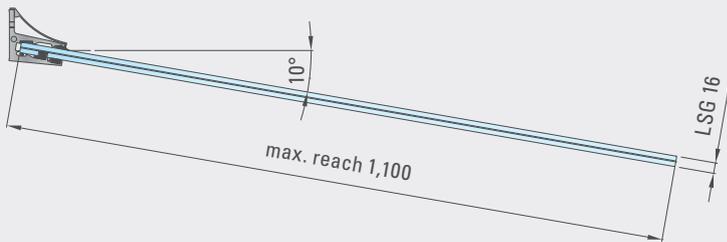
- Material Aluminium
  - Profile length max. 6,000 mm
  - Glass length 600 - 3,000 mm
  - Roof pitch 10°
  - Profiletype 1
- System 1,100**
- Glass thickness: **LSG 16 mm**
  - max. reach 1,100 mm at 1.6 kN/m<sup>2</sup> load \*
  - max. load 3.1 kN/m<sup>2</sup>\* for 800 mm reach
- Surfaces:
- "Natural" untreated
  - Stainless steel look (E6EV1)
  - RAL or special colour powder-coated or anodised

\* Maximum resulting characteristic area load from wind and snow, purs. DIN EN 1991-3 and -4

### Profile dimensions

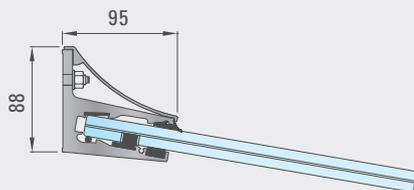


Special drilling on request!



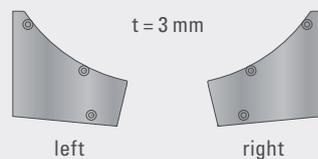
Profile and glass joints can be executed independently

### Facing cover

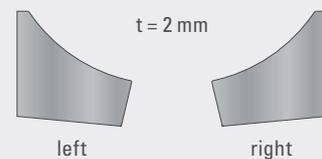


### End cap

Screwed flashing

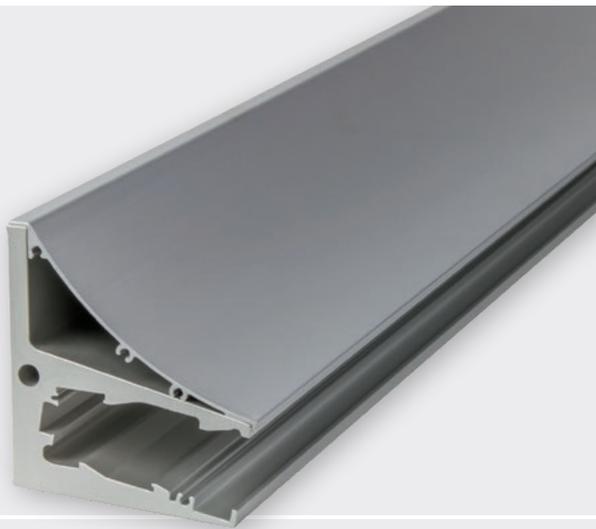


OPTIONAL: Additional, self-adhesive end cap to cover the screws, self-adhesive on one side



All intermediate formats and individual sizes for all systems are available.

# System 1,300 | System 1,500



### Characteristics

- Material Aluminium
- Profile length max. 6,000 mm
- Glass length 600 - 3,000 mm
- Roof pitch 10°
- Profiletype 3

#### Surfaces:

-  "Natural" untreated
-  Stainless steel look (E6EV1)
-  RAL or special colour powder-coated or anodised

#### System 1,300

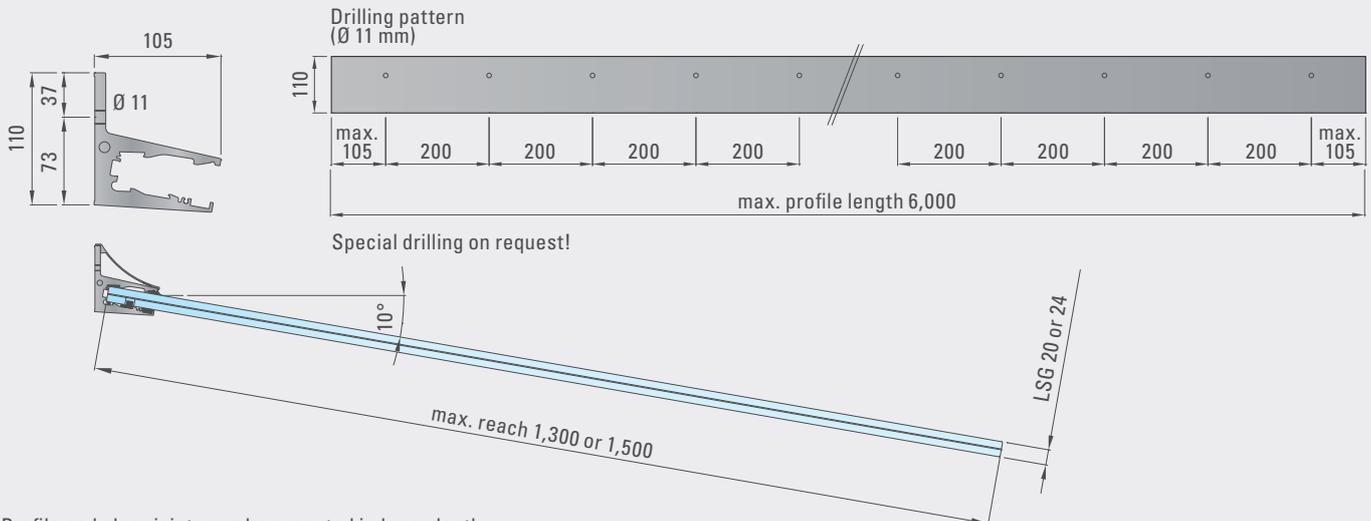
- Glass thickness: **LSG 20 mm**
- max. reach 1,300 mm for 1.6 kN/m<sup>2</sup> load \*
- max. load 4.2 kN/m<sup>2</sup> \* for 900 mm reach

#### System 1,500

- Glass thickness: **LSG 24 mm**
- max. reach 1,500 mm for 1.6 kN/m<sup>2</sup> load \*
- max. load 4.2 kN/m<sup>2</sup> \* for 1,050 mm reach

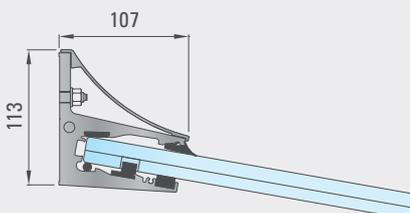
\* Maximum resulting characteristic area load from wind and snow, purs. DIN EN 1991-3 and -4

### Profile dimensions



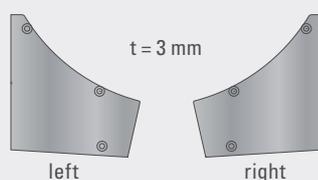
Profile and glass joints can be executed independently

### Facing cover

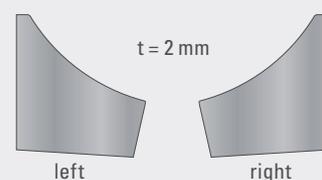


### End cap

Screwed flashing



OPTIONAL: Additional, self-adhesive end cap to cover the screws, self-adhesive on one side



All intermediate formats and individual sizes for all systems are available.

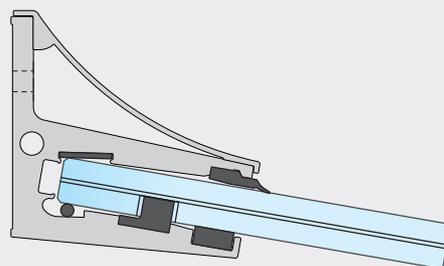
### ADVANTAGES OF OUR STOCK PROGRAM

- short delivery time & speedy availability
- favourable price
- completely picked and ready to go
- proven standard dimensions

## Stock program

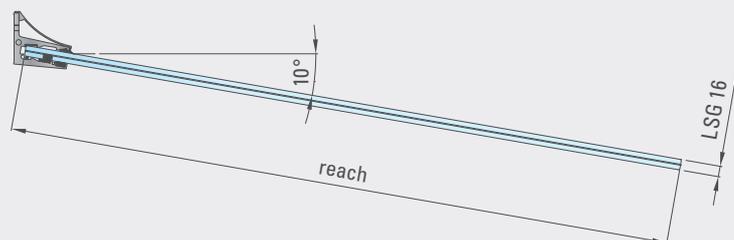
### System 800 | System 900 | System 1,000 | System 1,100

- Reach: 800 mm, 900 mm, 1,000 mm, 1,100 mm
- Glass thickness: LSG 16 mm
- Pitch: 10°
- Profiletype: 1
- Material: Aluminium
- Surfaces:
  - "Natural" untreated
  - E6EV1 anodised
  - Anthracite RAL 7016
  - White RAL 9016
  - Iron mica gray DB 703



Permissible effects from snow and wind pressure pursuant ETA-15/0838

- Reach **800 mm**: 3.1 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
- Reach **900 mm**: 2.6 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
- Reach **1,000 mm**: 2.0 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
- Reach **1,100 mm**: 1.6 kN/m<sup>2</sup>

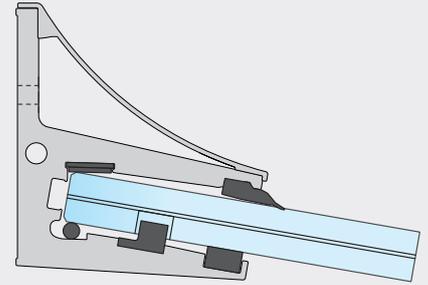


Glass dimensions	End cap t = 3 mm							canopy length
	105	200	200	200	200	200	105	
1,200 mm								1,216
1,400 mm								1,416
1,600 mm								1,616
1,800 mm								1,816
2,000 mm								2,016
2,200 mm								2,216
2,400 mm								2,416
2,600 mm								2,416
2,800 mm								2,816
3,000 mm								3,016

Glass joints (right and left) approx. 5 mm

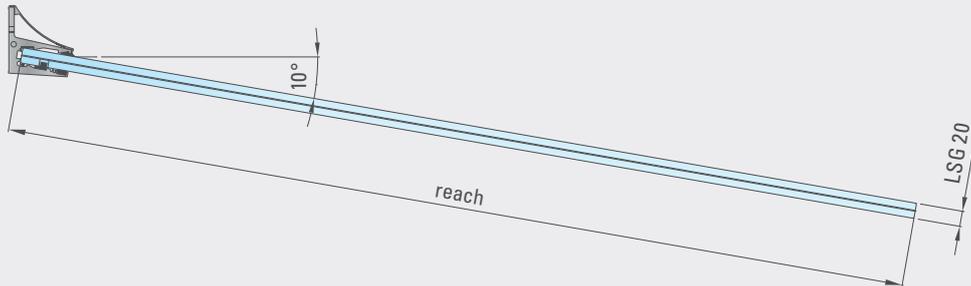
### System 1,200 | System 1,300

- reach: 1,200 mm, 1,300 mm
  - Glass thickness: LSG 20 mm
  - Pitch: 10°
  - Profiletype: 3
  - Material: Aluminium
- Surfaces:
    - "Natural" untreated
    - E6EV1 anodised
    - Anthracite RAL 7016
    - White RAL 9016
    - Iron mica gray DB 703



Permissible effects from snow and wind pressure pursuant ETA-15/0838

- Reach **1,200 mm**: 2.0 kN/m<sup>2</sup>
- Reach **1,300 mm**: 1.6 kN/m<sup>2</sup>



Glass dimensions	End cap t = 3 mm						
	105	200	200		200	200	105
1,600 mm	canopy length 1,616						
1,800 mm	canopy length 1,816						
2,000 mm	canopy length 2,016						
2,200 mm	canopy length 2,216						
2,400 mm	canopy length 2,416						
2,400 mm	canopy length 2,416						
2,800 mm	canopy length 2,816						
3,000 mm	canopy length 3,016						

Glass joints (right and left) approx. 5 mm

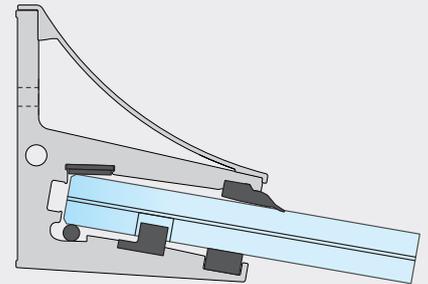
### ADVANTAGES OF OUR STOCK PROGRAM

- short delivery time & speedy availability
- favourable price
- completely picked and ready to go
- proven standard dimensions

## Stock program

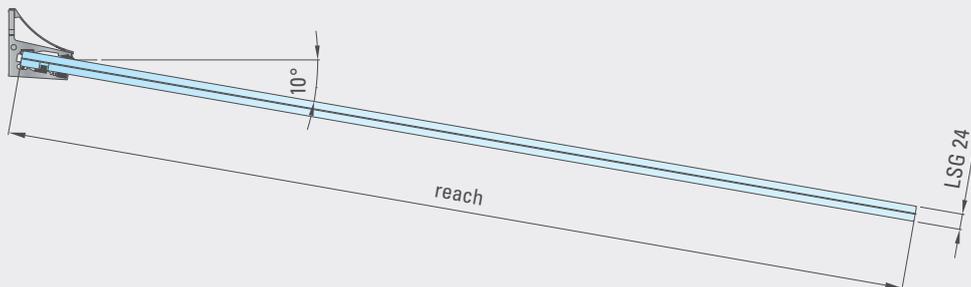
### System 1,500

- Reach: 1,500 mm
  - Glass thickness: LSG 24 mm
  - Pitch: 10°
  - Profiletype: 5
  - Material: Aluminium
- Surfaces:
    - "Natural" untreated
    - E6EV1 anodised
    - Anthracite RAL 7016
    - White RAL 9016
    - Iron mica gray DB 703



Permissible effects from snow and wind pressure pursuant ETA-15/0838

- Reach **1,500 mm**: 1.6 kN/m<sup>2</sup>



Glass dimensions	End cap t = 3 mm						
	105	200	200		200	200	105
1,600 mm	canopy length 1,616						
1,800 mm	canopy length 1,816						
2,000 mm	canopy length 2,016						
2,200 mm	canopy length 2,216						
2,400 mm	canopy length 2,416						
2,600 mm	canopy length 2,616						
2,800 mm	canopy length 2,816						
3,000 mm	canopy length 3,016						

Glass joints (right and left) approx. 5 mm

# System 1,700 individual System 1,900 individual



### Characteristics

- Material Aluminium
- Profile length max. 6,000 mm
- Glass length 600 - 3,000 mm
- Roof pitch 10°
- Profiletype 5

#### Surfaces:

-  "Natural" untreated
-  Stainless steel look (E6EV1)
-  RAL or special colour powder-coated or anodised

#### System 1,700 individual

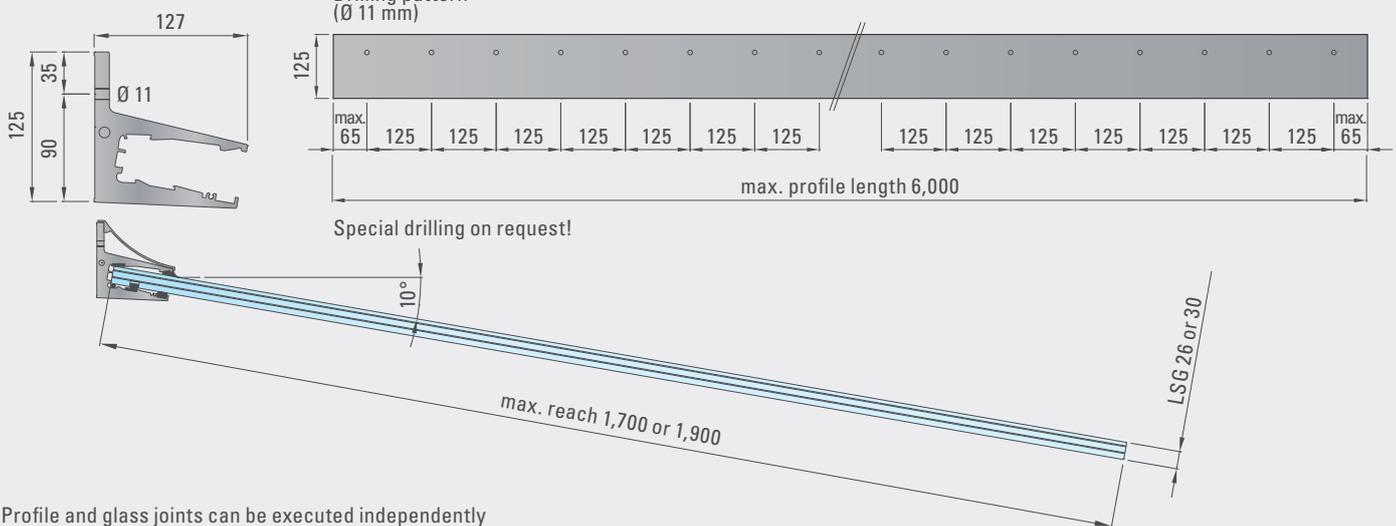
- Glass thickness: **LSG 26 mm**
- max. reach 1,700 mm for 1.6 kN/m<sup>2</sup> load \*
- max. load 4.3 kN/m<sup>2</sup> \* for 1,150 mm reach

#### System 1,900 individual

- Glass thickness: **LSG 30 mm**
- max. reach 1,900 mm for 1.6 kN/m<sup>2</sup> load \*
- max. load 4.3 kN/m<sup>2</sup> \* for 1,350 mm reach

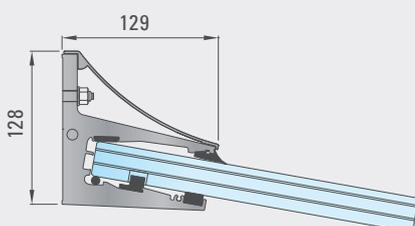
\* Maximum resulting characteristic area load from wind and snow, purs. DIN EN 1991-3 and -4

### Profile dimensions



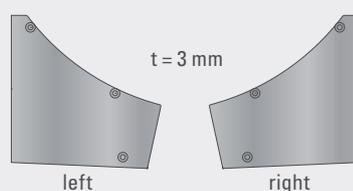
Profile and glass joints can be executed independently

### Facing cover

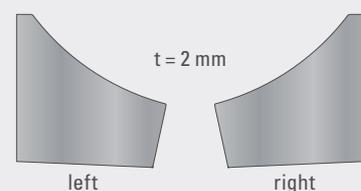


### End cap

Screwed flashing

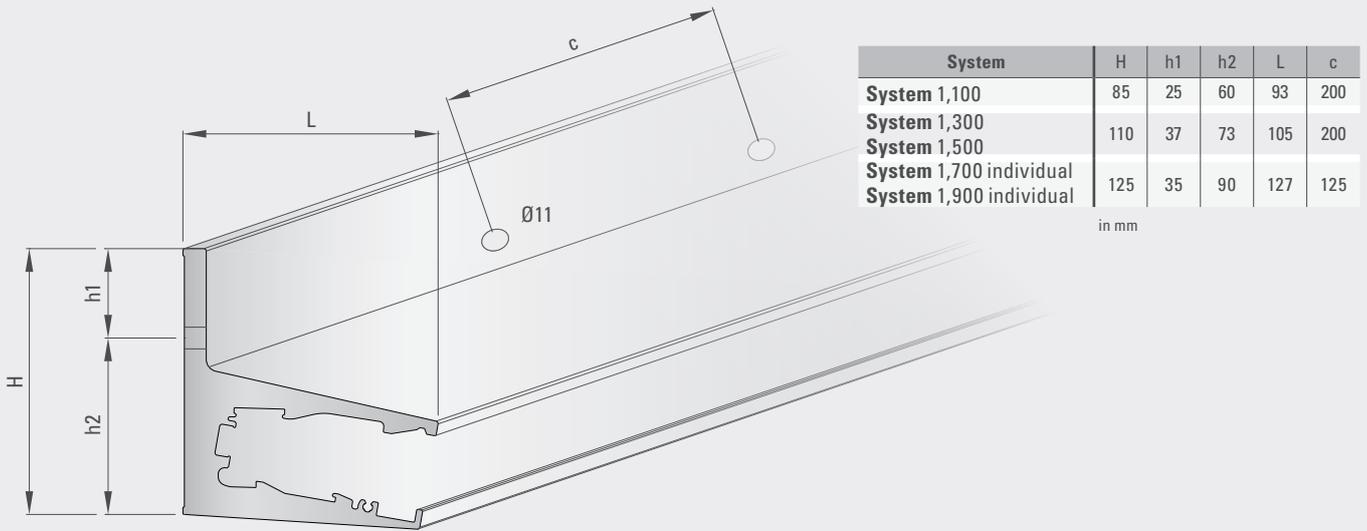


OPTIONAL: Additional, self-adhesive end cap to cover the screws, self-adhesive on one side



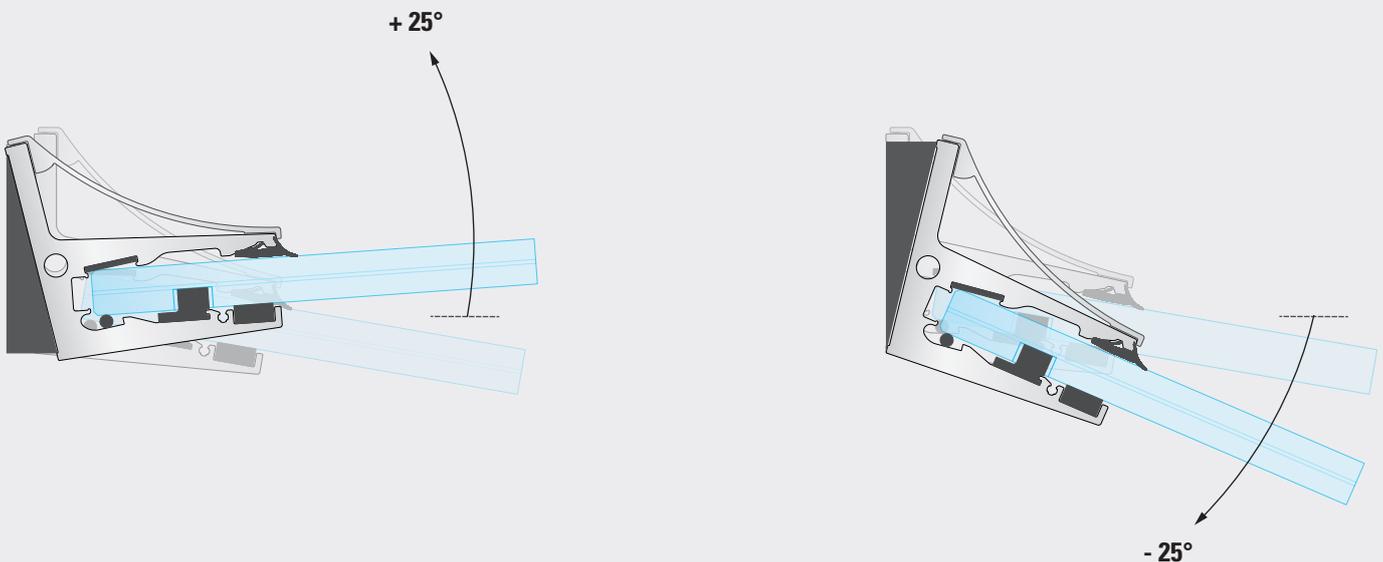
All intermediate formats and individual sizes for all systems are available.

# System dimensions



# Adjustment of the inclination

By adding shims to the profile, it is possible to create a pitch that deviates by +/- 25° from the horizontal.

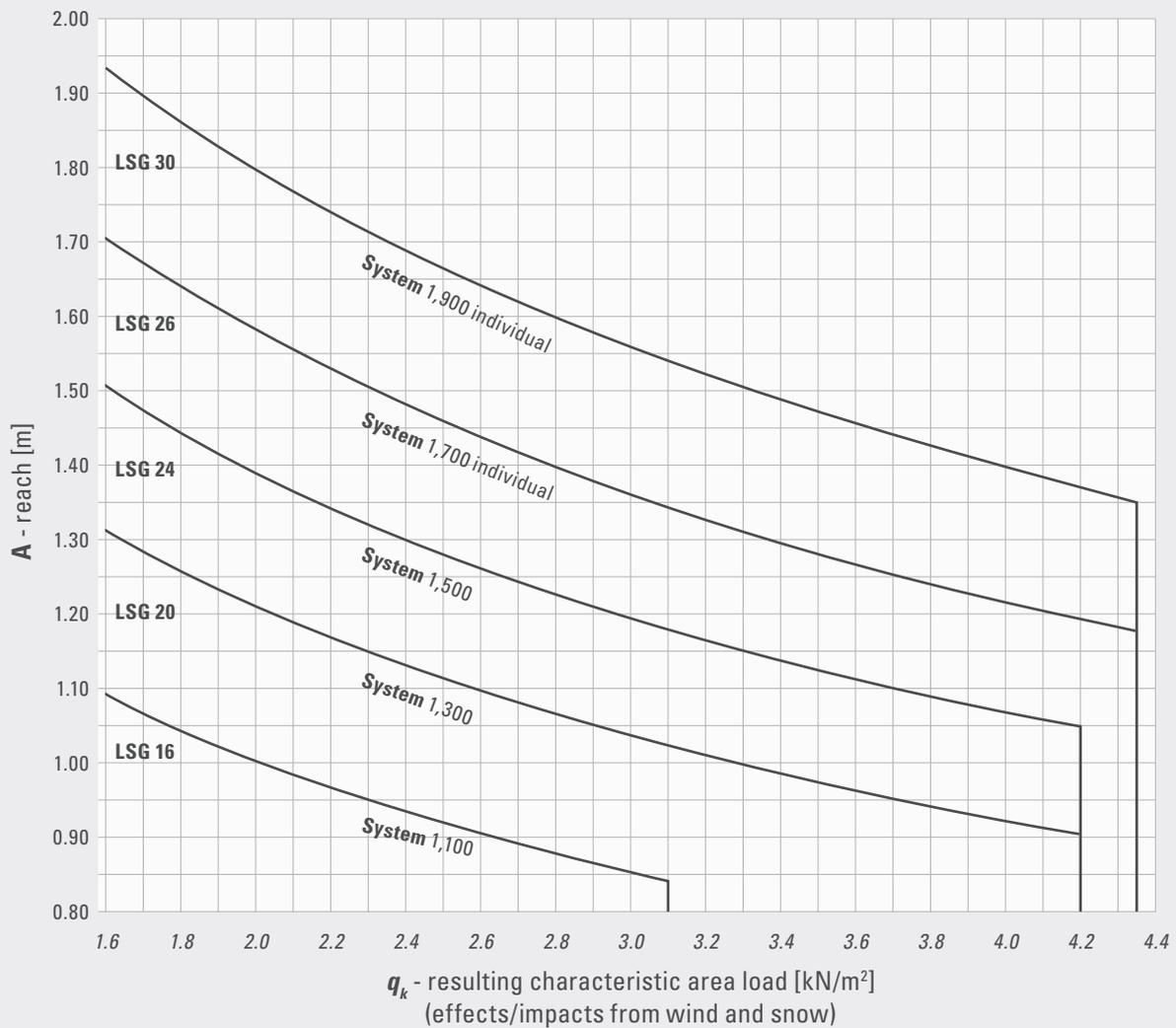
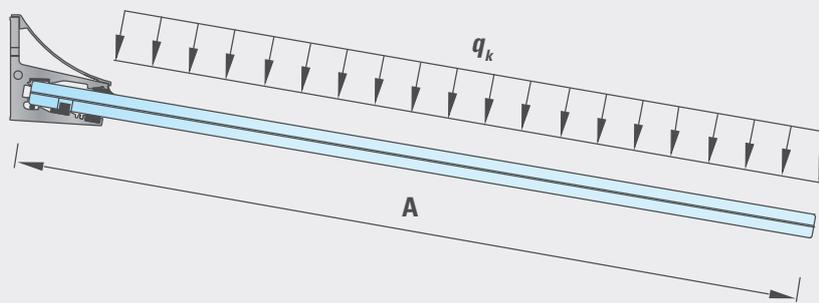




# Technical specifications (PURS. ETA-15/0838)

## Glass reaches

with the associated resulting characteristic area loads



# Calculating the characteristic area loads $q_k$ from wind and snow

**Downward loads** from snow and wind (pressure) ( $q_k > 0$ ):  $q_k = s + 0.6 \cdot w_e$  or  $q_k = 0.5 \cdot s + w_e$   
 (the larger value is decisive: downward loads  $s$  and  $w$  are to be set as positive values)

**Upward loads** from wind (suction) ( $q_k < 0$ ):  $q_k = w_e$   
 (downward load  $w$  is to be set as a negative value)

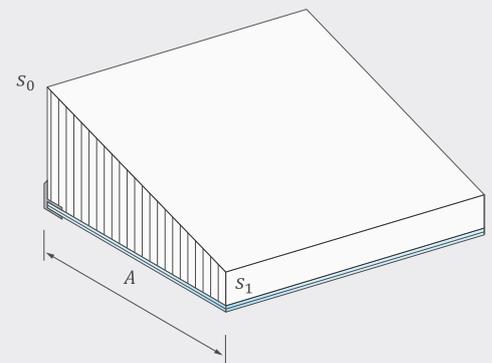
Wind and snow loads ( $w_e, s$ ) must be determined purs. DIN EN 1991-1-3 or DIN EN 1991-1-4.

## Determining the uniform snow load (purs. ETA-15/0838)

**Snow load ( $s$ )** purs. DIN EN 1991-1-3, Para. 5.3.6, Height differences on roofs.  
 (Laterally open canopies accessible for snow removal)

Uniform area load from snow:

$$s = \frac{s_0 + s_1}{2,02}$$



- $s_0$  - Snow on the building
- $s_1$  - Snow at the exposed/open edge

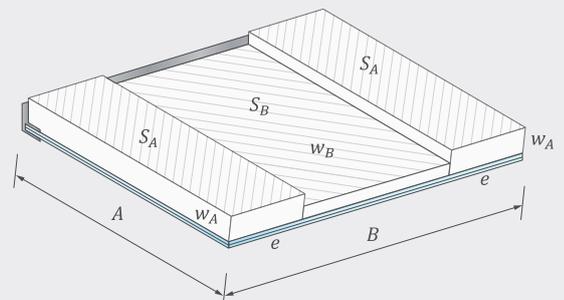
## Determining the uniform wind load (purs. ETA-15/0838)

**Wind load ( $w_e$ )** purs. DIN EN 1991-1-4/NA, Annex NA.V, Pressure coefficients for canopies

Uniform area load from wind:

$$w_e = 1.1 \frac{2 \cdot w_A \cdot S_A + w_B \cdot S_B}{S_A + S_B}$$

- $w_A$  - Wind load area A (edge area)
- $w_B$  - Wind load area B (middle area)
- $S_A$  - Surface area A:  $S_A = e \cdot A$   
 $e = A/4$  or  $B/2$ ; the smaller value is decisive
- $S_B$  - Surface area B:  $S_B = A \cdot B - 2 \cdot S_A$



For canopies with the ratio width to reach  $B : A \leq 1.5:1$  is to be assumed as the wind load of the area  $A$  for the complete canopy:  $w = w_A$

Alternatively, the maximum load components can be assumed to be uniform: ( $w_e = w_{e,max} ; s = s_{max}$ )

# Glass pane models

Polygonal glass plates, curved edges and cutouts  
purs. AbZ and ETA-15/0838

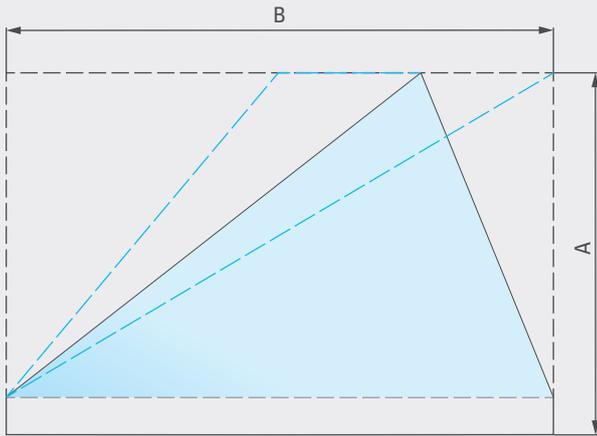


Fig. 1

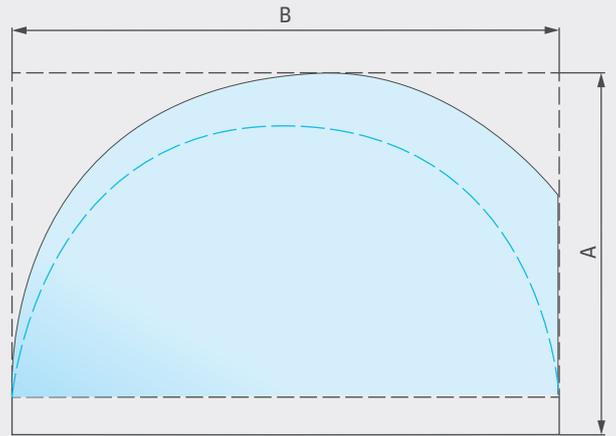


Fig. 2

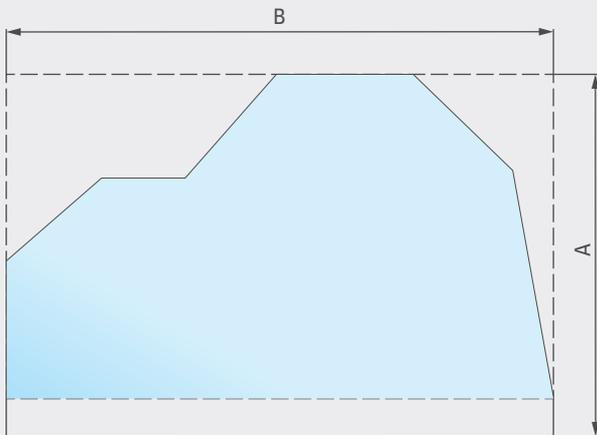


Fig. 3

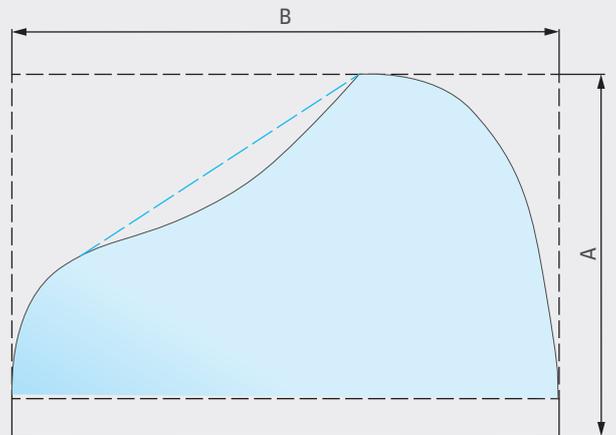


Fig. 4

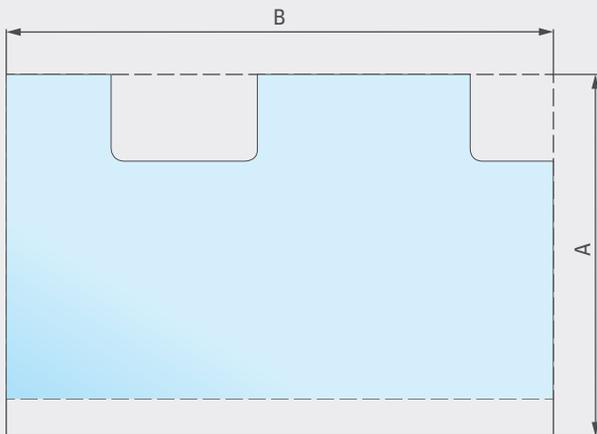


Fig. 5

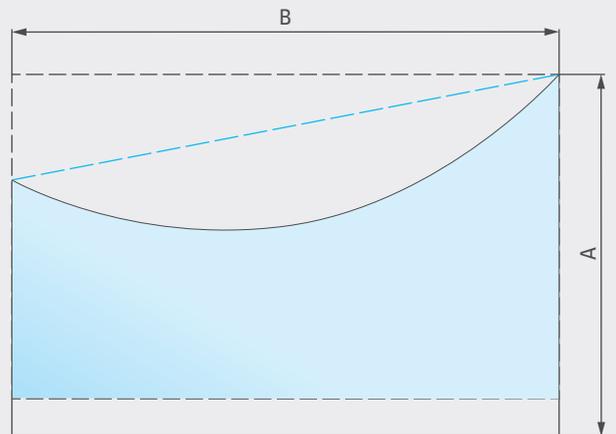


Fig. 6

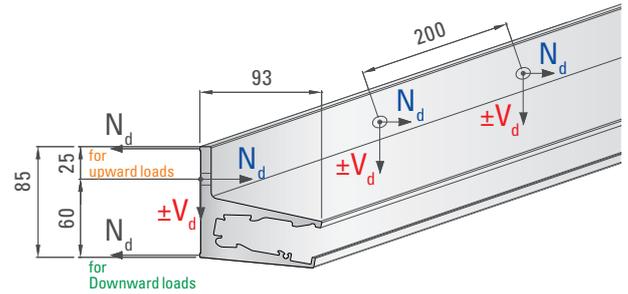
**GLASSLINE**

**CANOPY** *cloud*



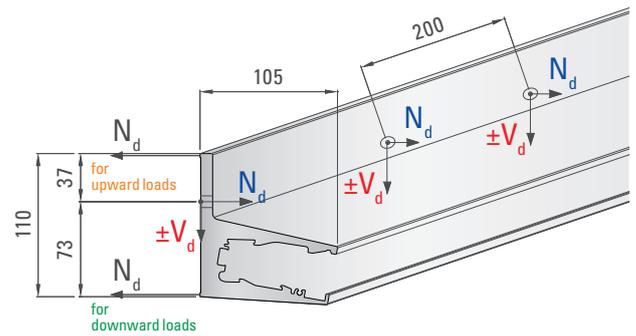
# Bearing forces

Resulting calculated bearing forces per attachment element purs. ETA-15/0838



## System 1,100 Glass thickness LSG 16 (LSG-STG 2x8 mm with SGP 1.52 mm), Profiletype 1

Resulting characteristic area loads $q_k$ [kN/m <sup>2</sup> ] (effects/impacts from wind and snow)																		
A [mm]	Upward loads				Downward loads													
	-2.00	-1.50	-1.00	-0.80	0.60	0.80	1.00	1.20	1.40	1.60	1.8	2.00	2.20	2.40	2.60	2.80	3.00	3.10
<b>Design values of the horizontal bearing forces per attachment element <math>N_d</math> [kN]</b>																		
1100	14.30	10.18	6.05	4.40	3.06	3.69	4.33	4.97	5.60	6.24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1000	11.82	8.41	5.00	3.64	2.53	3.05	3.58	4.11	4.63	5.16	5.68	6.21	-	-	-	-	-	-
900	9.57	6.81	4.05	2.95	2.05	2.47	2.90	3.33	3.75	4.18	4.60	5.03	5.46	5.88	6.31	-	-	-
800	7.56	5.38	3.20	2.33	1.62	1.95	2.29	2.63	2.96	3.30	3.64	3.97	4.31	4.65	4.99	5.32	5.66	5.83
700	5.79	4.12	2.45	1.78	1.24	1.50	1.75	2.01	2.27	2.53	2.79	3.04	3.30	3.56	3.82	4.07	4.33	4.46
<b>Design values of the vertical bearing forces per attachment element <math>V_d</math> [kN]</b>																		
1100	-0.57	-0.41	-0.24	-0.18	0.32	0.38	0.45	0.51	0.58	0.65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1000	-0.52	-0.37	-0.22	-0.16	0.29	0.35	0.41	0.47	0.53	0.59	0.65	0.71	-	-	-	-	-	-
900	-0.47	-0.33	-0.20	-0.14	0.26	0.31	0.37	0.42	0.48	0.53	0.58	0.64	0.69	0.75	0.80	-	-	-
800	-0.42	-0.30	-0.18	-0.13	0.23	0.28	0.33	0.37	0.42	0.47	0.52	0.57	0.61	0.66	0.71	0.76	0.81	0.83
700	-0.36	-0.26	-0.15	-0.11	0.20	0.24	0.29	0.33	0.37	0.41	0.45	0.50	0.54	0.58	0.62	0.66	0.71	0.73



**System 1,300** Glass thickness **LSG 20** (LSG-STG 2x10 mm with SGP 1.52 mm), Profiletype 3

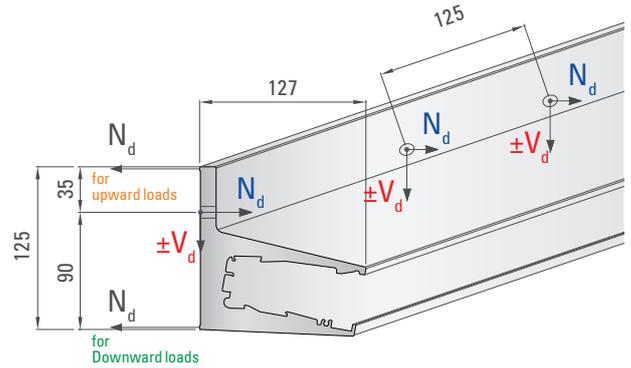
Resulting characteristic area loads $q_k$ [kN/m <sup>2</sup> ] (effects/impacts from wind and snow)																		
A [mm]	Upward loads				Downward loads													
	-2.40	-2.10	-1.60	-1.20	1.20	1.40	1.60	1.8	2.00	2.40	2.60	2.80	3.00	3.20	3.40	3.60	3.80	4.20
<b>Design values of the horizontal bearing forces per attachment element <math>N_d</math> [kN]</b>																		
1300	-	13.17	9.44	6.46	5.98	6.70	7.42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1100	11.03	9.43	6.76	4.63	4.28	4.80	5.32	5.83	6.35	7.39	7.91	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1000	9.12	7.79	5.59	3.82	3.54	3.96	4.39	4.82	5.25	6.11	6.54	6.96	7.39	7.82	8.25	8.68	-	-
900	7.39	6.31	4.53	3.10	2.86	3.21	3.56	3.91	4.25	4.95	5.29	5.64	5.99	6.34	6.68	7.03	7.38	8.07
800	5.84	4.99	3.58	2.45	2.26	2.54	2.81	3.09	3.36	3.91	4.18	4.46	4.73	5.01	5.28	5.55	5.83	6.38
<b>Design values of the vertical bearing forces per attachment element <math>V_d</math> [kN]</b>																		
1300	-	-0.69	-0.49	-0.34	0.64	0.72	0.80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1100	-0.68	-0.58	-0.42	-0.29	0.54	0.61	0.68	0.74	0.81	0.94	1.01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1000	-0.62	-0.53	-0.38	-0.26	0.50	0.56	0.62	0.68	0.74	0.86	0.92	0.98	1.04	1.10	1.16	1.22	-	-
900	-0.56	-0.48	-0.34	-0.23	0.45	0.50	0.55	0.61	0.66	0.77	0.82	0.88	0.93	0.99	1.04	1.09	1.15	1.26
800	-0.50	-0.42	-0.30	-0.21	0.40	0.44	0.49	0.54	0.59	0.68	0.73	0.78	0.83	0.88	0.92	0.97	1.02	1.12

**System 1,500** Glass thickness **LSG 24** (LSG-STG 2x12 mm with SGP 1.52 mm), Profiletype 3

Resulting characteristic area loads $q_k$ [kN/m <sup>2</sup> ] (effects/impacts from wind and snow)																		
A [mm]	Upward loads				Downward loads													
	-2.40	-2.20	-1.60	-1.20	1.20	1.40	1.60	1.8	2.00	2.40	2.60	2.80	3.00	3.20	3.40	3.60	3.80	4.20
<b>Design values of the horizontal bearing forces per attachment element <math>N_d</math> [kN]</b>																		
1500	-	18.20	12.24	8.27	8.17	9.14	10.10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1300	15.16	13.67	9.20	6.21	6.14	6.86	7.59	8.31	9.04	10.48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1100	10.85	9.79	6.58	4.45	4.39	4.91	5.43	5.95	6.47	7.51	8.02	8.54	9.06	9.58	10.10	10.62	11.14	-
1050	9.89	8.92	6.00	4.05	4.00	4.48	4.95	5.42	5.89	6.84	7.31	7.78	8.26	8.73	9.20	9.67	10.15	11.09
900	7.27	6.55	4.41	2.98	2.94	3.29	3.64	3.98	4.33	5.02	5.37	5.72	6.07	6.41	6.76	7.11	7.45	8.15
<b>Design values of the vertical bearing forces per attachment element <math>V_d</math> [kN]</b>																		
1500	-	-0.83	-0.56	-0.38	0.76	0.85	0.94	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1300	-0.79	-0.72	-0.48	-0.33	0.66	0.74	0.82	0.90	0.97	1.13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1100	-0.67	-0.61	-0.41	-0.28	0.56	0.63	0.69	0.76	0.82	0.96	1.02	1.09	1.15	1.22	1.29	1.35	1.42	-
1050	-0.64	-0.58	-0.39	-0.26	0.53	0.60	0.66	0.72	0.79	0.91	0.97	1.04	1.10	1.16	1.23	1.29	1.35	1.48
900	-0.55	-0.50	-0.33	-0.23	0.46	0.51	0.57	0.62	0.67	0.78	0.84	0.89	0.94	1.00	1.05	1.11	1.16	1.27

# Bearing forces

Resulting calculated bearing forces per attachment element purs. ETA-15/0838



## System 1,700 individual Glass thickness LSG 26 (LSG-STG 6+10+10 mm with SGP 1.52 mm), Profiletype 5

Resulting characteristic area loads $q_k$ [kN/m <sup>2</sup> ] (effects/impacts from wind and snow)																		
A [mm]	Upward loads				Downward loads													
	-3.25	-2.30	-1.60	-1.30	1.20	1.40	1.60	1.8	2.00	2.30	2.60	2.80	3.00	3.20	3.40	3.60	3.80	4.35
<b>Design values of the horizontal bearing forces per attachment element <math>N_d</math> [kN]</b>																		
1700	-	-	9.88	7.34	5.56	6.18	6.80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500	-	12.30	7.69	5.71	4.33	4.81	5.30	5.78	6.27	6.99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1300	13.95	9.24	5.78	4.29	3.25	3.61	3.98	4.34	4.71	5.25	5.80	6.16	6.53	6.89	-	-	-	-
1175	11.39	7.55	4.72	3.51	2.66	2.95	3.25	3.55	3.85	4.29	4.74	5.04	5.33	5.63	5.93	6.23	6.52	7.34
900	6.68	4.43	2.77	2.06	1.56	1.73	1.91	2.08	2.26	2.52	2.78	2.95	3.13	3.30	3.48	3.65	3.83	4.31
<b>Design values of the vertical bearing forces per attachment element <math>V_d</math> [kN]</b>																		
1700	-	-	-0.37	-0.28	0.57	0.63	0.70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500	-	-0.53	-0.33	-0.24	0.50	0.56	0.61	0.67	0.73	0.81	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1300	-0.69	-0.46	-0.28	-0.21	0.44	0.48	0.53	0.58	0.63	0.70	0.78	0.83	0.87	0.92	-	-	-	-
1175	-0.62	-0.41	-0.26	-0.19	0.39	0.44	0.48	0.53	0.57	0.64	0.70	0.75	0.79	0.83	0.88	0.92	0.97	1.09
900	-0.48	-0.32	-0.20	-0.15	0.30	0.33	0.37	0.40	0.44	0.49	0.54	0.57	0.60	0.64	0.67	0.71	0.74	0.83

## System 1,900 individual Glass thickness LSG 30 (LSG-STG 6+12+12 mm with SGP 1.52 mm), Profiletype 5

Resulting characteristic area loads $q_k$ [kN/m <sup>2</sup> ] (effects/impacts from wind and snow)																		
A [mm]	Upward loads				Downward loads													
	-3.25	-2.60	-1.60	-1.20	1.20	1.40	1.60	1.8	2.00	2.35	2.60	2.80	3.00	3.30	3.50	3.70	4.00	4.35
<b>Design values of the horizontal bearing forces per attachment element <math>N_d</math> [kN]</b>																		
1900	-	-	11.63	7.40	7.29	8.07	8.85	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1700	-	17.78	9.31	5.93	5.84	6.46	7.08	7.71	8.33	9.42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500	18.13	13.84	7.25	4.61	4.55	5.03	5.52	6.00	6.49	7.33	7.94	8.43	8.91	9.64	-	-	-	-
1350	14.68	11.21	5.87	3.74	3.68	4.08	4.47	4.86	5.25	5.94	6.43	6.82	7.22	7.81	8.20	8.59	9.18	9.87
1100	9.75	7.44	3.90	2.48	2.44	2.71	2.97	3.23	3.49	3.94	4.27	4.53	4.79	5.18	5.44	5.70	6.10	6.55
<b>Design values of the vertical bearing forces per attachment element <math>V_d</math> [kN]</b>																		
1900	-	-	-0.39	-0.25	0.67	0.74	0.81	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1700	-	-0.67	-0.35	-0.22	0.60	0.66	0.73	0.79	0.85	0.96	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500	-0.77	-0.59	-0.31	-0.20	0.53	0.58	0.64	0.70	0.75	0.85	0.92	0.98	1.03	1.12	-	-	-	-
1350	-0.70	-0.53	-0.28	-0.18	0.47	0.53	0.58	0.63	0.68	0.77	0.83	0.88	0.93	1.01	1.06	1.11	1.18	1.27
1100	-0.57	-0.43	-0.23	-0.14	0.39	0.43	0.47	0.51	0.55	0.62	0.68	0.72	0.76	0.82	0.86	0.90	0.96	1.04

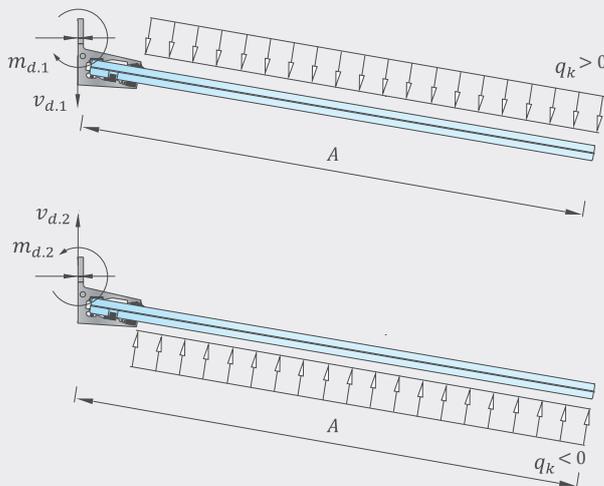
**GLASSLINE**

**CANOPY** *cloud*



### Design values of the bearing forces

Linear bearing torque/moment  $m_d$  and linear bearing force  $v_d$  (e.g. for calculation of substructure)



Linear bearing torque:  $m_{d.1} = (\gamma_Q \cdot q_k + \gamma_{G.sup} \cdot g) \cdot \frac{A^2}{2}$  under downward load ( $q_k > 0$ )

$m_{d.2} = (\gamma_Q \cdot q_k - \gamma_{G.inf} \cdot g) \cdot \frac{A^2}{2}$  under upward load ( $q_k < 0$ )<sup>1)</sup>

Linear bearing force:  $v_{d.1} = (\gamma_Q \cdot q_k + \gamma_{G.sup} \cdot g) \cdot A$  under downward load ( $q_k > 0$ )

$v_{d.2} = (\gamma_Q \cdot q_k - \gamma_{G.inf} \cdot g) \cdot A$  under upward load ( $q_k < 0$ )<sup>1)</sup>

<sup>1)</sup> The "upward load" load case ( $q_k < 0$ ) is not relevant if the glass weight is greater than the area load.

$q_k$  - The resulting characteristic area load [kN/m<sup>2</sup>]:  $q_k = s + 0,6 \cdot w$  or  $q_k = 0,5 \cdot s + w$

$g$  - The characteristic glass weight [kN/m<sup>2</sup>]:  $g = D / 1000 \cdot \rho_{glass}$   
 $\rho_{glass} = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3$ , D - glass thickness [mm] (only glass)

$\gamma_Q$  - Partial safety factor for variable effects/impacts ( $\gamma_Q = 1.50$ )

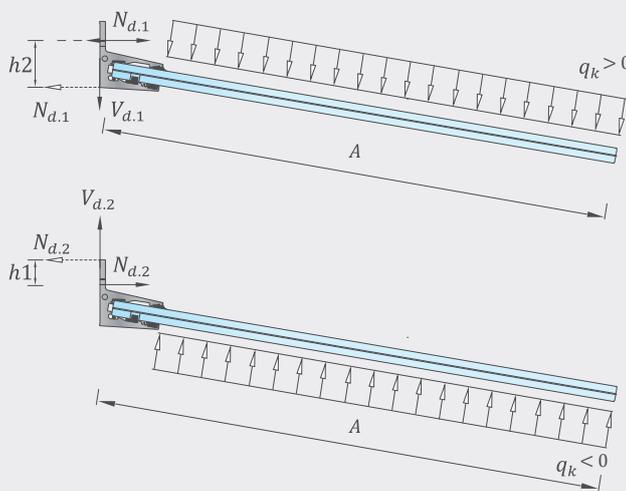
$\gamma_{G.sup}$  - Partial safety factor for unfavourable permanent effects/impacts ( $\gamma_{G.sup} = 1.35$ )

$\gamma_{G.inf}$  - Partial safety factor for favourable permanent effects/impacts ( $\gamma_{G.inf} = 1.00$ )

A - Overhang

**Linear bearing torque  $N_d$  and  $V_d$  per fastener under downward and upward loads:**

(e.g. layout of fasteners)



Tensile force in the support:  $N_{d,1} = m_{d,1} \cdot C / (h2 - \Delta h)$  under downward load ( $q_k > 0$ )

$N_{d,2} = m_{d,2} \cdot C / (h1 - \Delta h)$  under upward load ( $q_k < 0$ )

Shear force in the support:  $V_{d,1} = v_{d,1} \cdot C$  under downward load ( $q_k > 0$ )

$V_{d,2} = v_{d,2} \cdot C$  under upward load ( $q_k < 0$ )

$m_{d,1}, m_{d,2}$  - Linear bearing torque (page 18)

$v_{d,1}, v_{d,2}$  - Linear bearing force (page 18)

$C$  - between fasteners (Profiles 1 and 3:  $C = 200$  mm, Profile 5:  $C = 125$  mm)

$h1$  - Cantilever up: distance between mounting axis and upper mounting rail edge [mm]

$h2$  - Cantilever down: distance between mounting axis and lower mounting rail edge [mm]

$\Delta h$  - Cantilever arm reduction ( $\Delta h = 3$  mm for mounting rails of all types)

The calculated values of the tensile and shear forces ( $N_d$  and  $V_d$ ) are given on pages 16 to 18 for the various canopy types and stepwise for upward and downward loads.

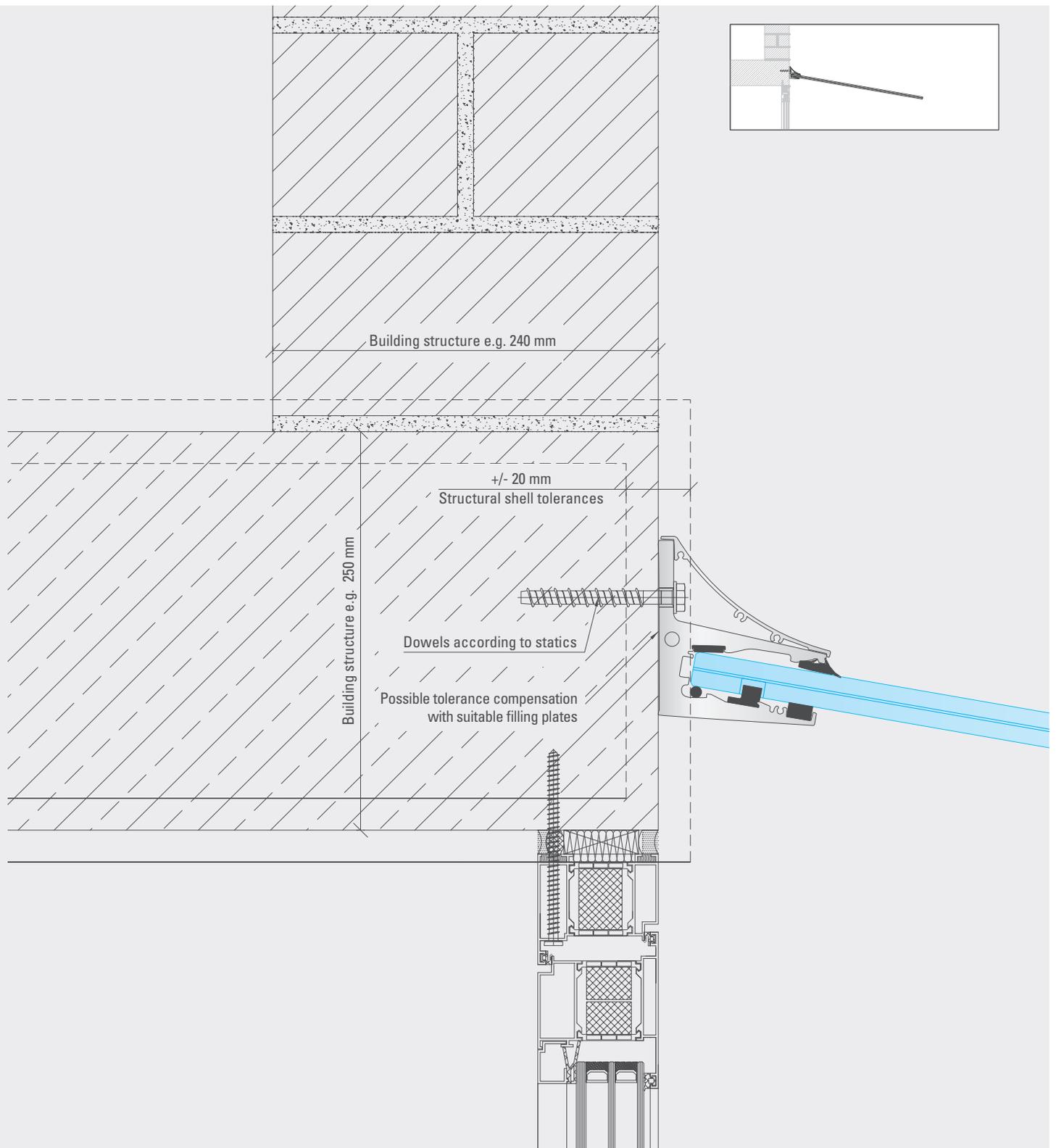
Intermediate values may be generated by linear interpolation.

# Application examples

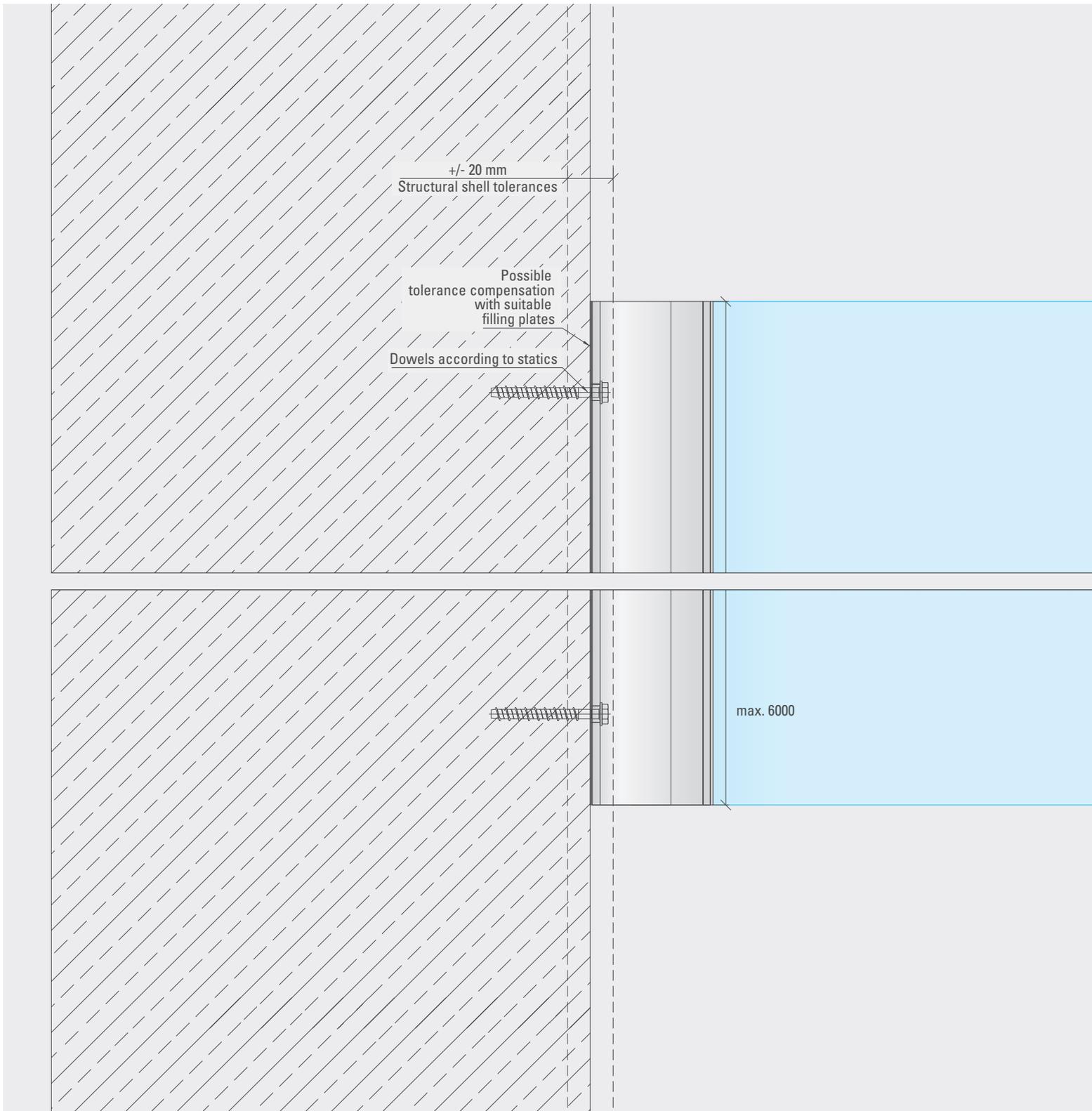
## Glass canopy CANOPY *cloud*

concrete

Vertical section



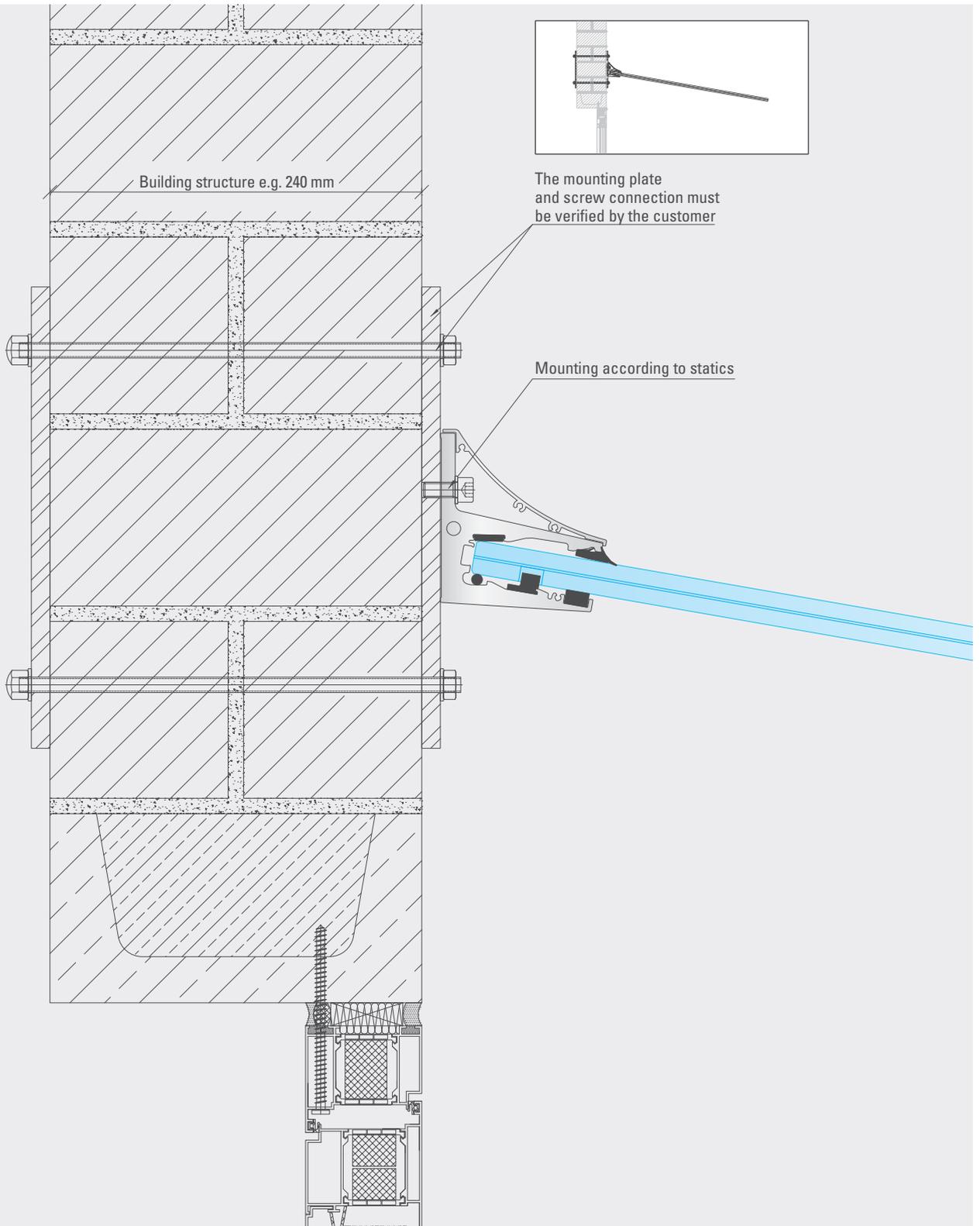
Horizontal section



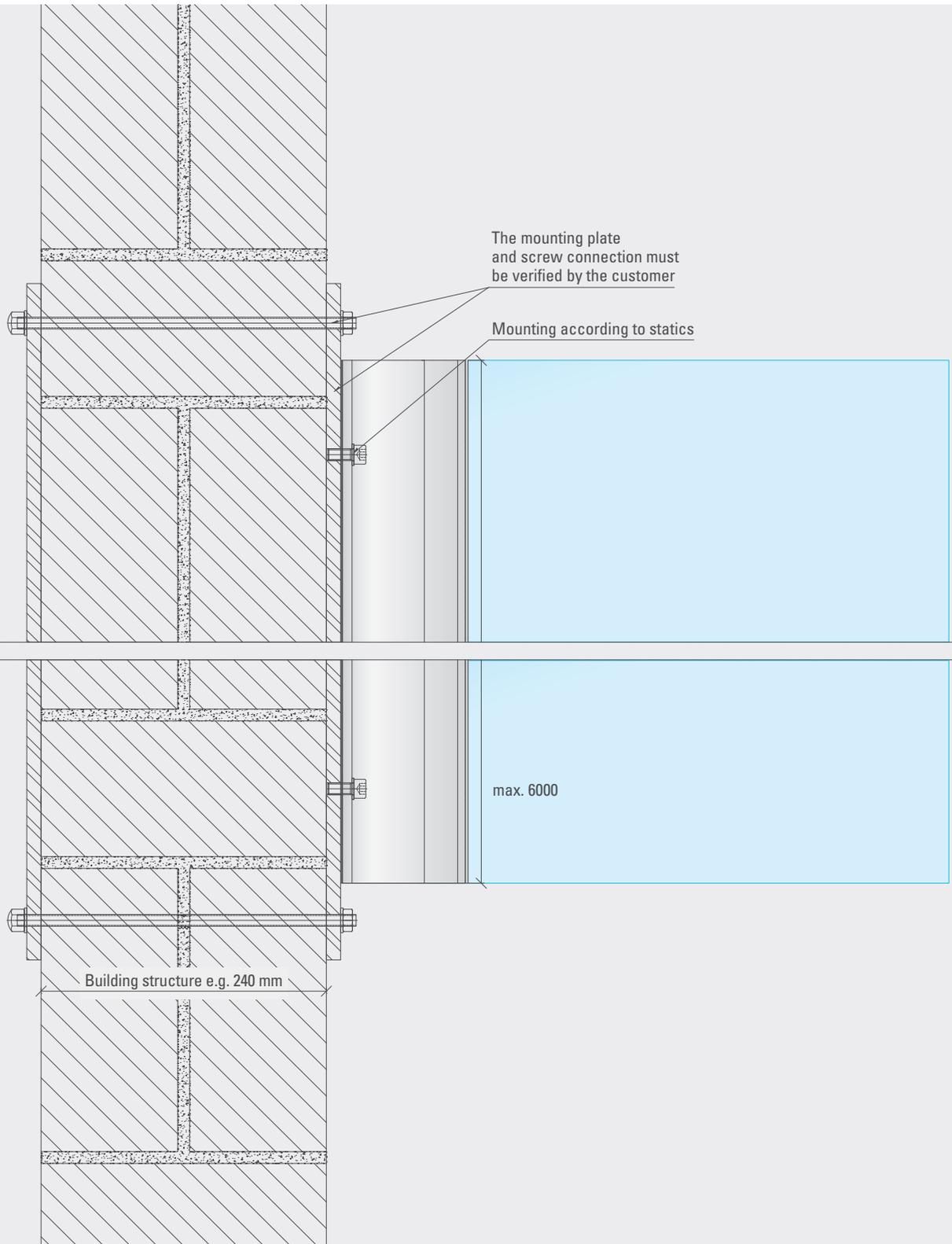
### Glass canopy CANOPY *cloud*

masonry

Vertical section



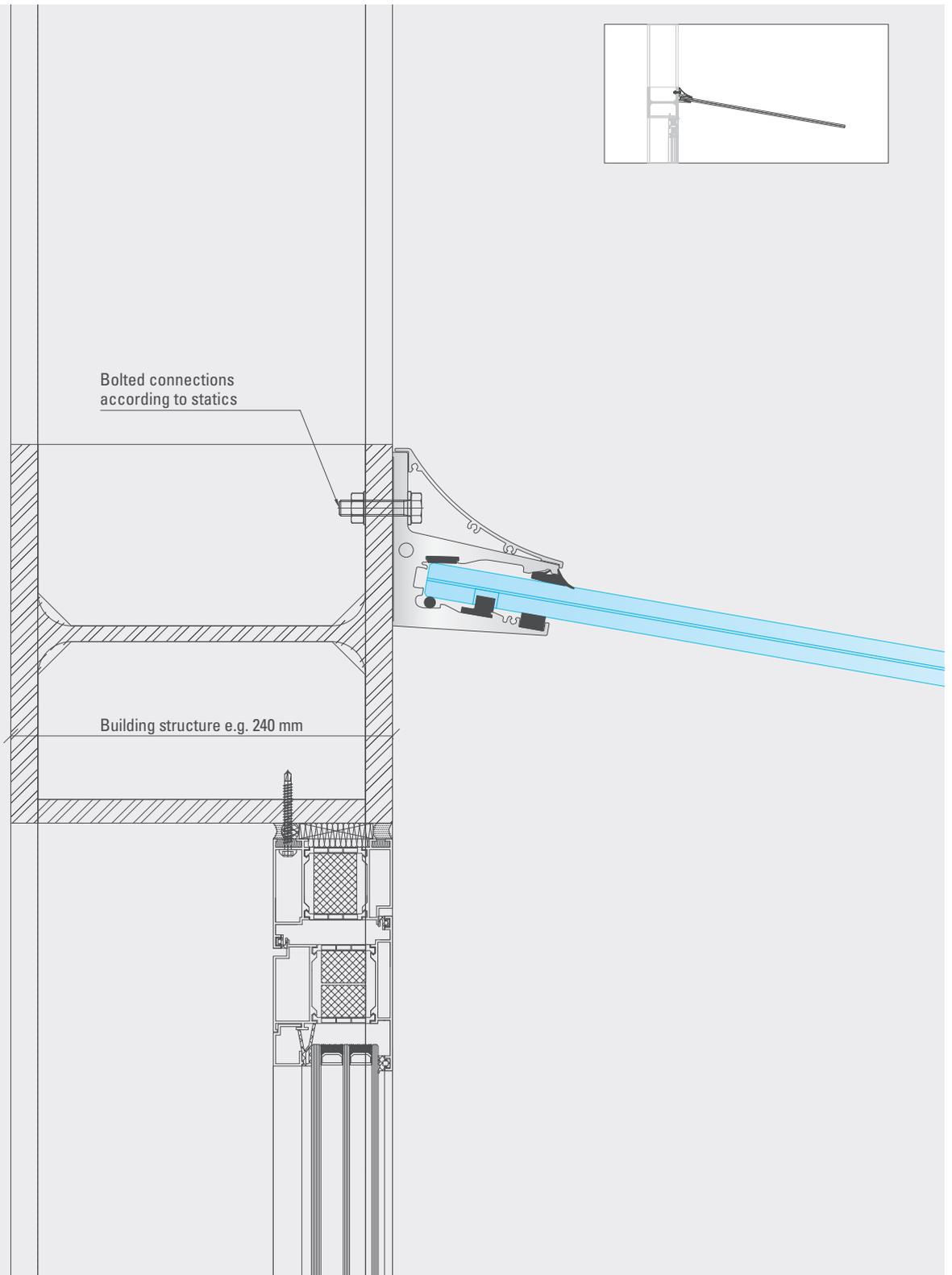
Horizontal section



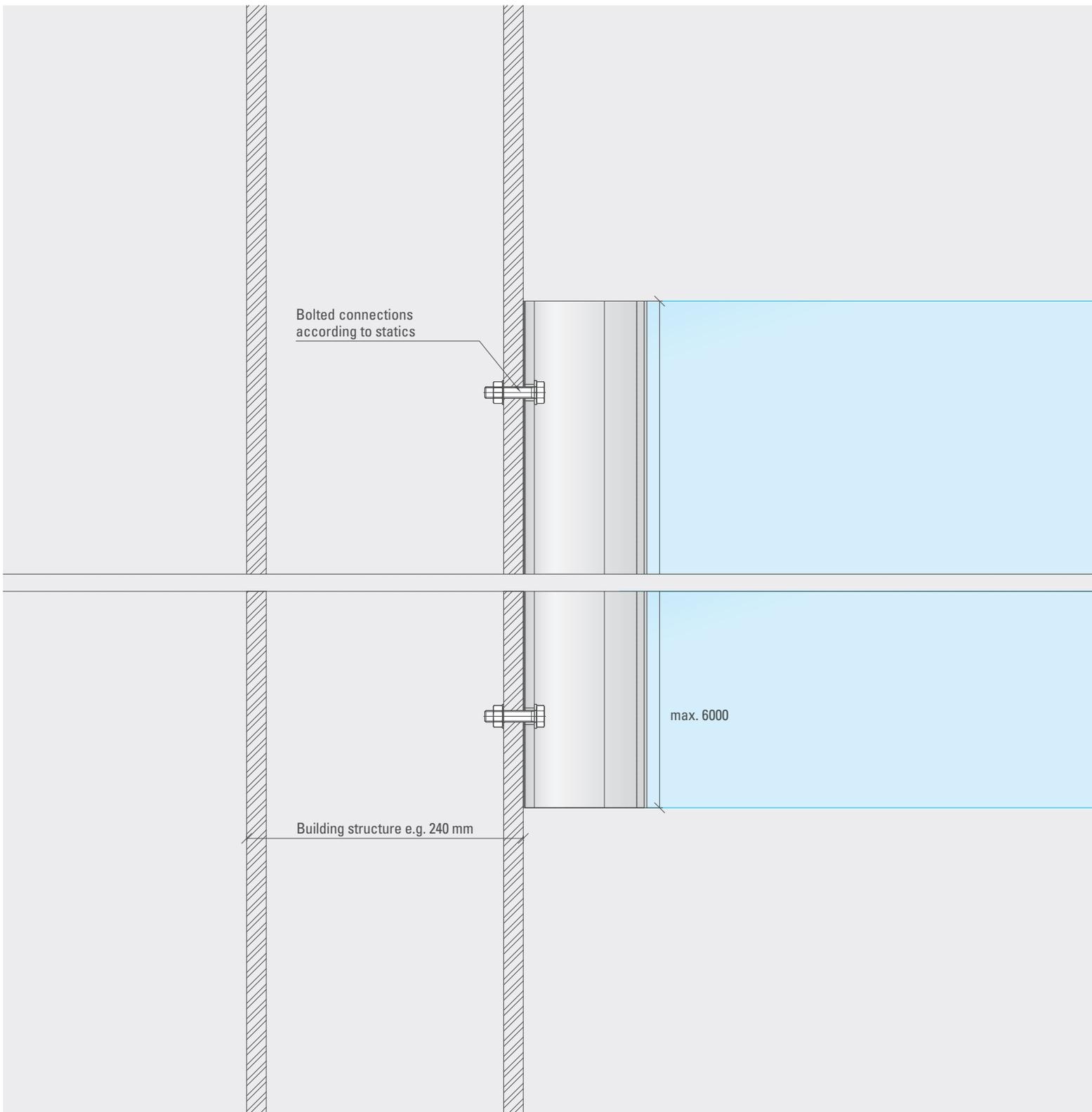
### Glass canopy CANOPY *cloud*

steel beams

Vertical section



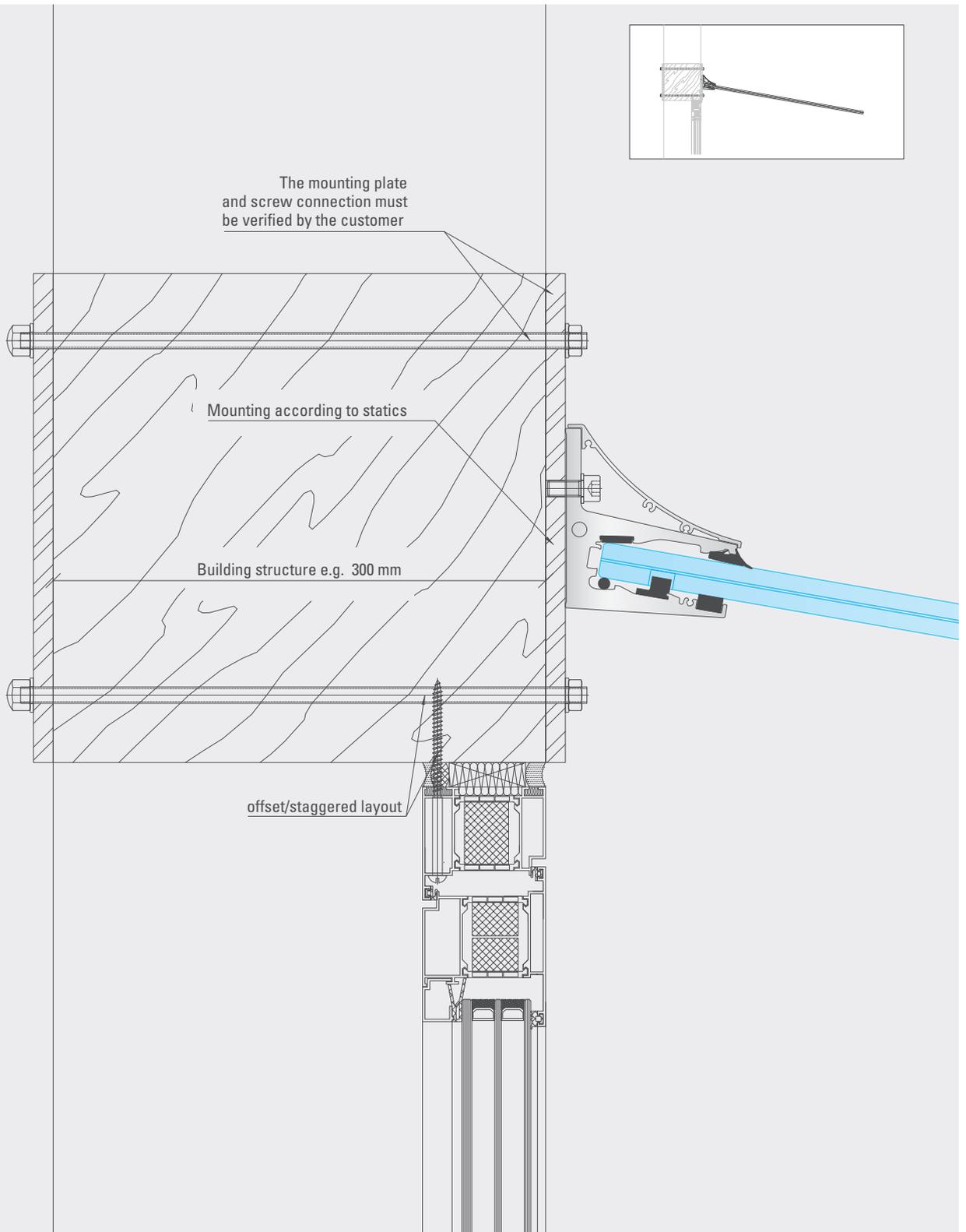
Horizontal section



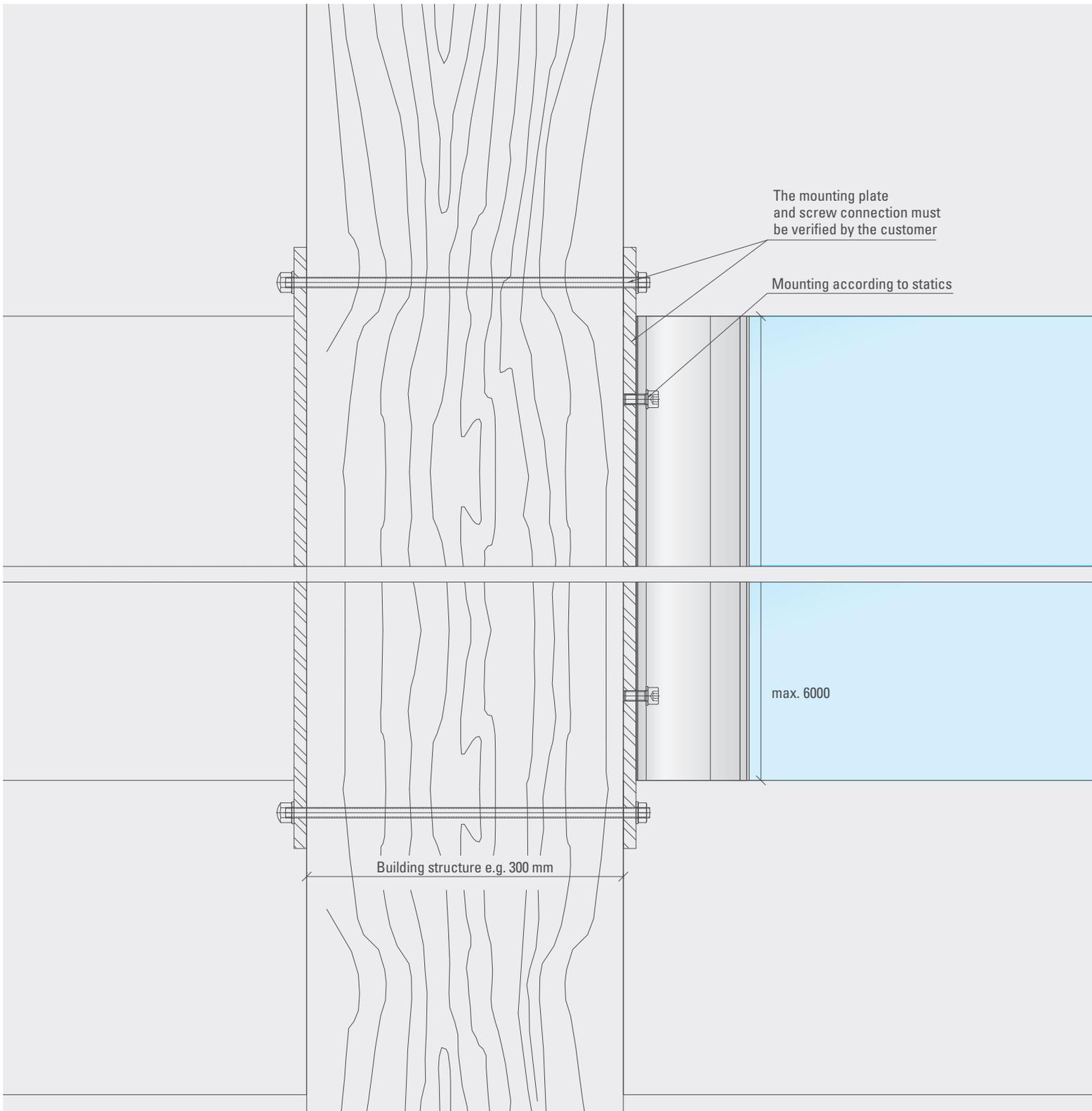
### Glass canopy CANOPY *cloud*

wooden beams

Vertical section



Horizontal section



## FIX<sup>®</sup>N SLIDE

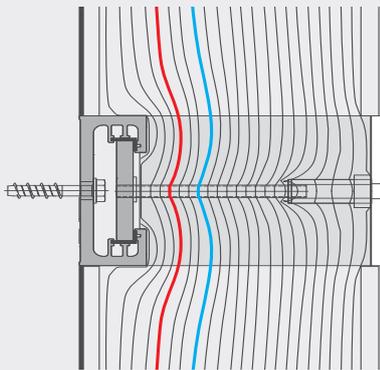
Safe attachment to thermally insulated façades



Flexible, easy to assemble and absolutely safe - the new FIX<sup>®</sup>N SLIDE revolutionises construction component assembly in the ETICS (External Thermal Insulation System) area. FIX<sup>®</sup>N SLIDE ensures secure attachment of add-on elements and simultaneously reduces thermal bridges in new buildings and retrofitting.

With only a few components and different insulating thicknesses, virtually any insulation thickness can be easily thermally and statically bridged. FIX<sup>®</sup>N SLIDE as a rail for linear installation and as a system component for point-to-point attachment is suitable for every on-site situation.

## The advantages



- reduction of heat bridges
- secure mounting of add-on elements

### **Thermal characteristics / Energy planning according to EnEV 2016**

Thermal evidence shows that deploying FIX<sup>®</sup>N SLIDE reduces thermal bridges to a minimum. The system is optimally suited for energy planning in new or existing buildings.

### **Safe load transfer**

The tension, shearing and torque transfer allows the system to cover a wide range of applications.

### **Variable connection and mounting design**

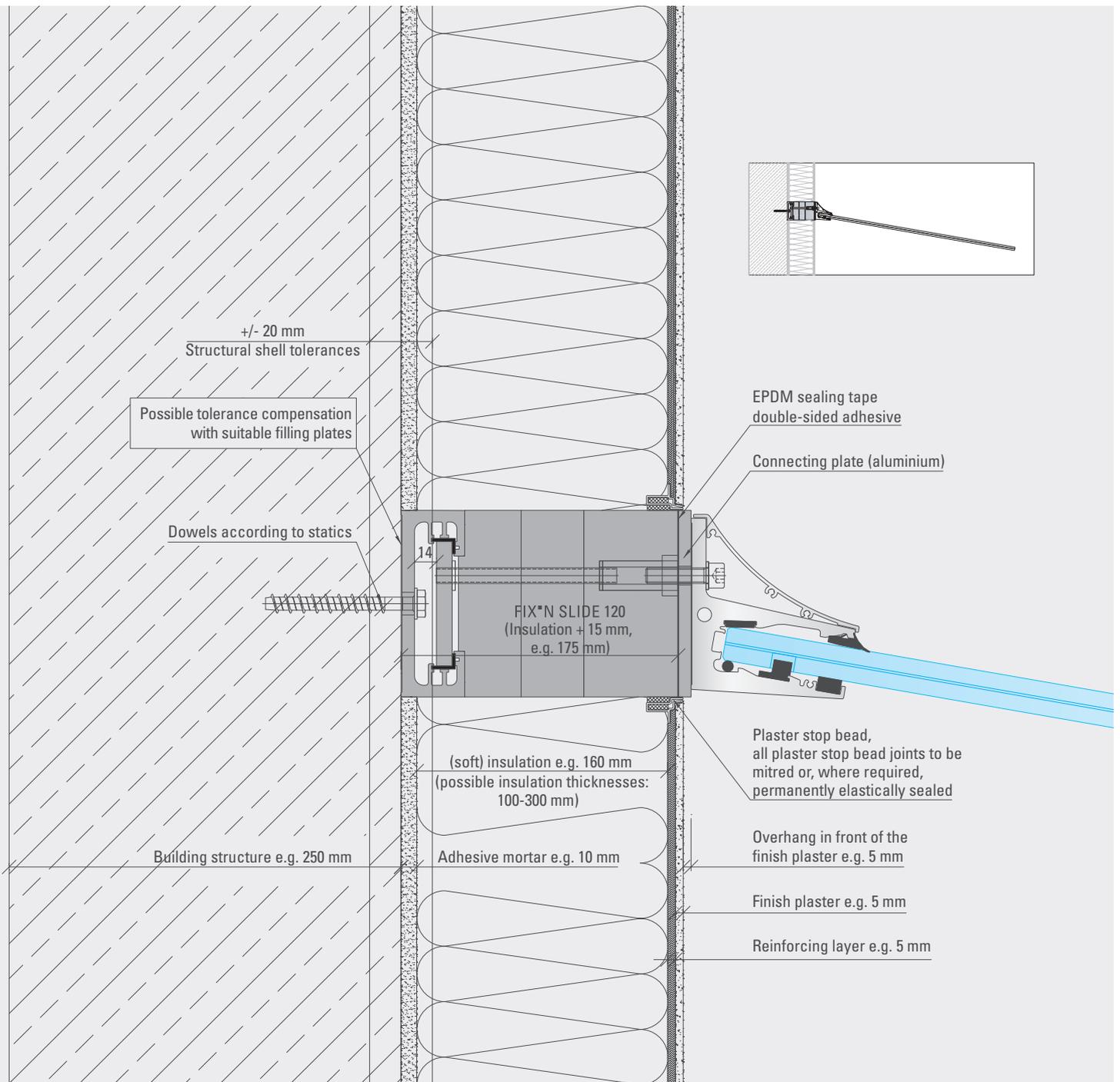
The variable arrangement of the fasteners allows the load transfer to be optimally adapted to the substructure and adapted and optimised to the local conditions.

# Application examples – without insulation

## Glass canopy CANOPY *cloud*

Finish plaster and soft insulation

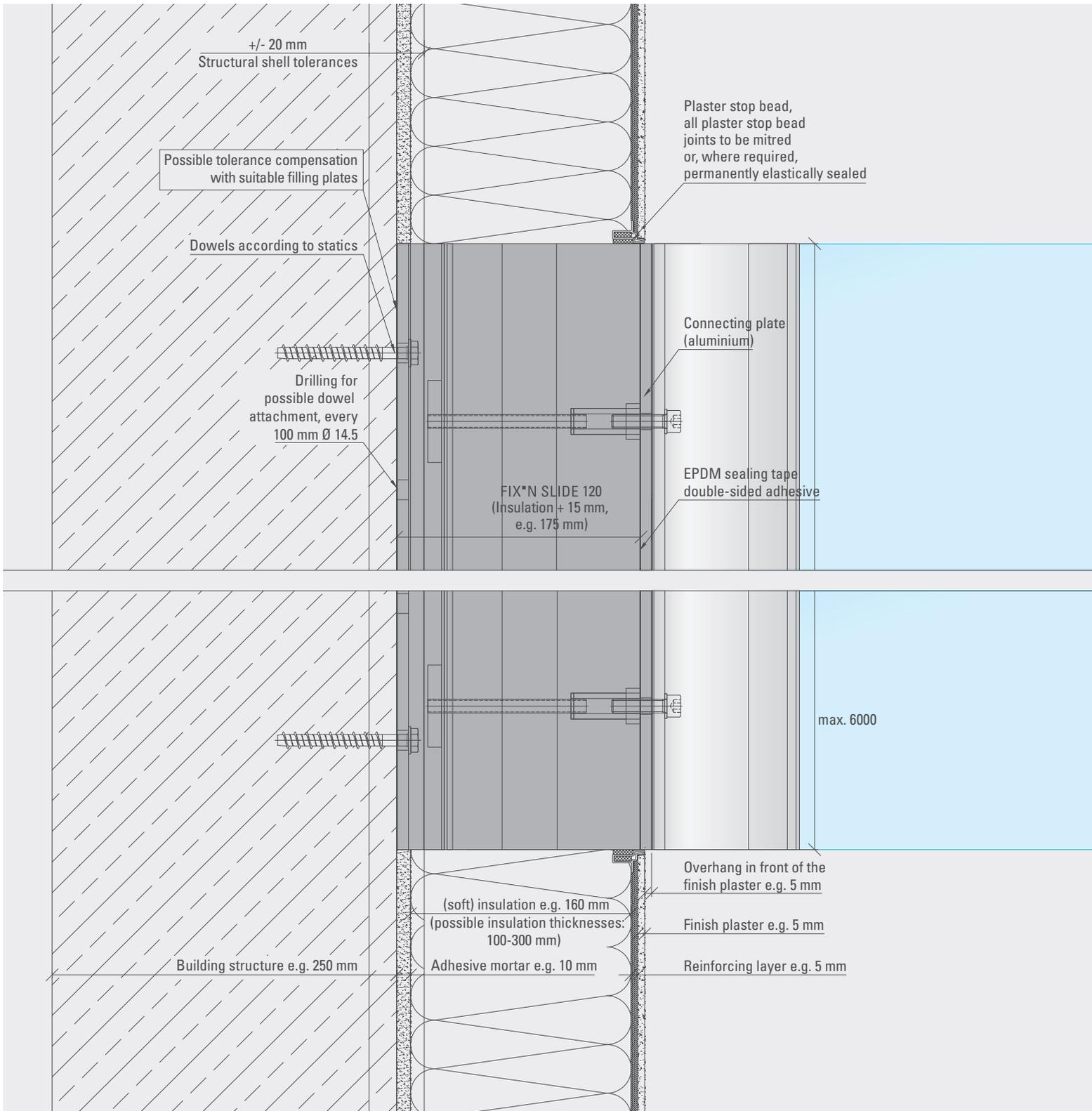
Vertical section



### Installation recommendation

- String out building (determine insulation outer edge)
- Install FIX\*N SLIDE
  - (possible tolerance compensation with suitable filler plates/shims)
- Ensure exterior impermeability with double-sided adhesive EPDM sealing membrane
- Fix connection plate
- Create ETICS with finish plaster
- Installation of the canopy

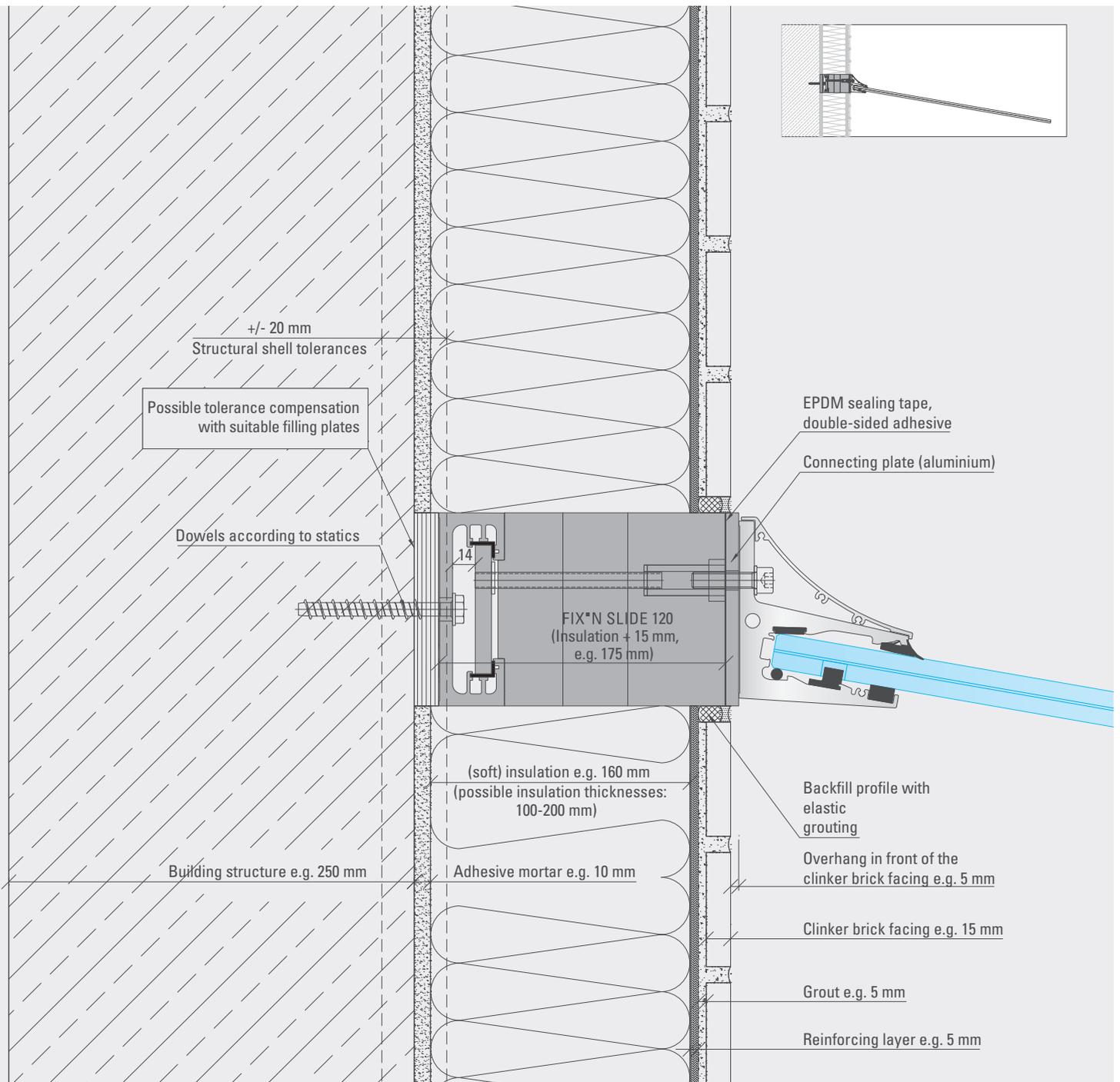
Horizontal section



### Glass canopy CANOPY *cloud*

clinker brick facing and soft insulation

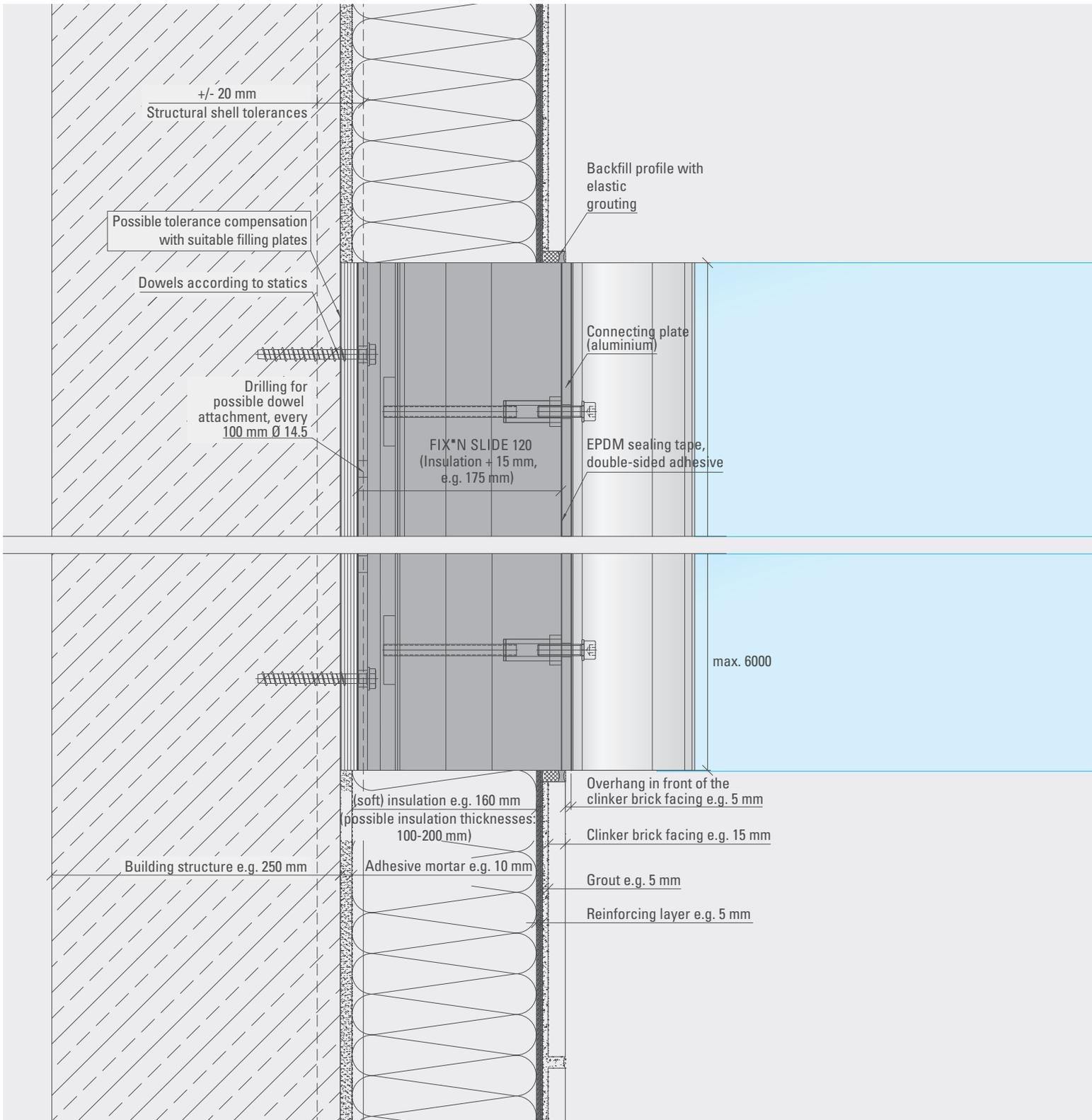
Vertical section



#### Installation recommendation

- String out building (determine insulation outer edge)
- Install FIX\*N SLIDE
  - (possible tolerance compensation with suitable filling plates/shims)
- Ensure exterior impermeability with double-sided adhesive EPDM sealing tape
- Fix connecting plate
- Create ETICS with clinker brick facing
- Install the canopy

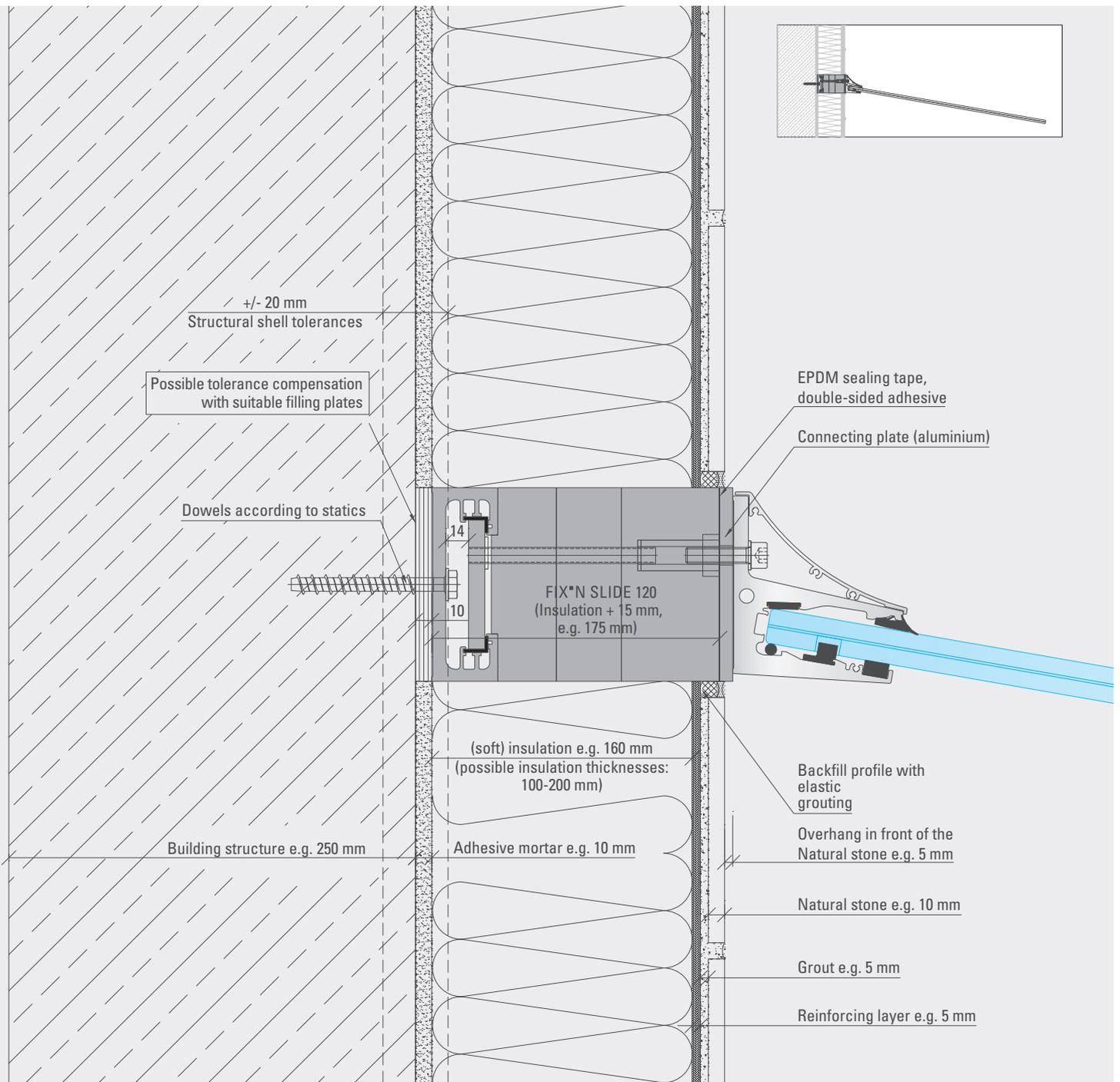
Horizontal section



### Glass canopy CANOPY *cloud*

natural stone and soft insulation

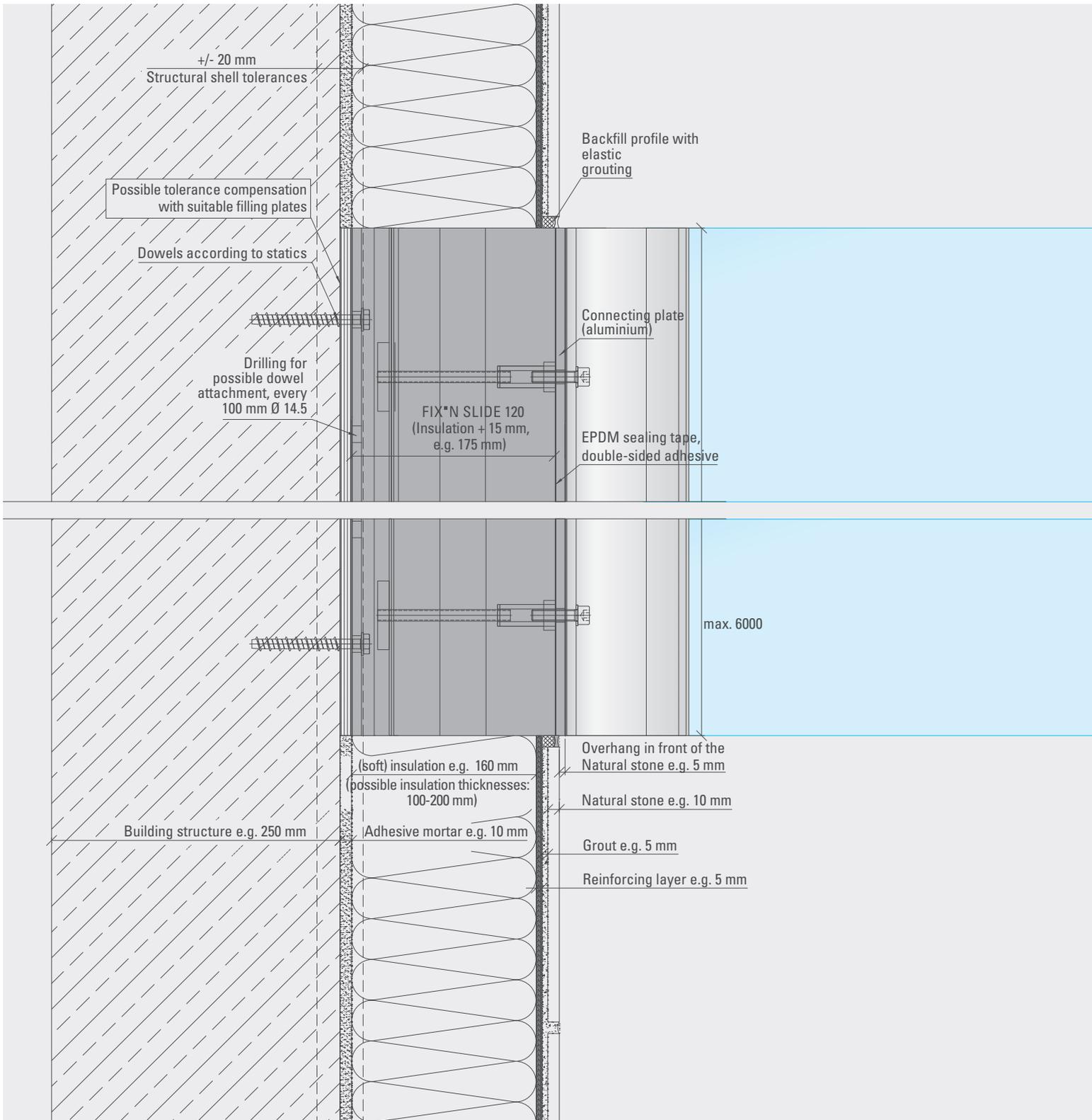
Vertical section



#### Installation recommendation

- String out building (determine insulation outer edge)
- Install FIX\*N SLIDE
  - (possible tolerance compensation with suitable filling plates/shims)
- Ensure exterior impermeability with double-sided adhesive EPDM sealing tape
- Fix connecting plate
- Create ETICS with natural stone
- Install the canopy

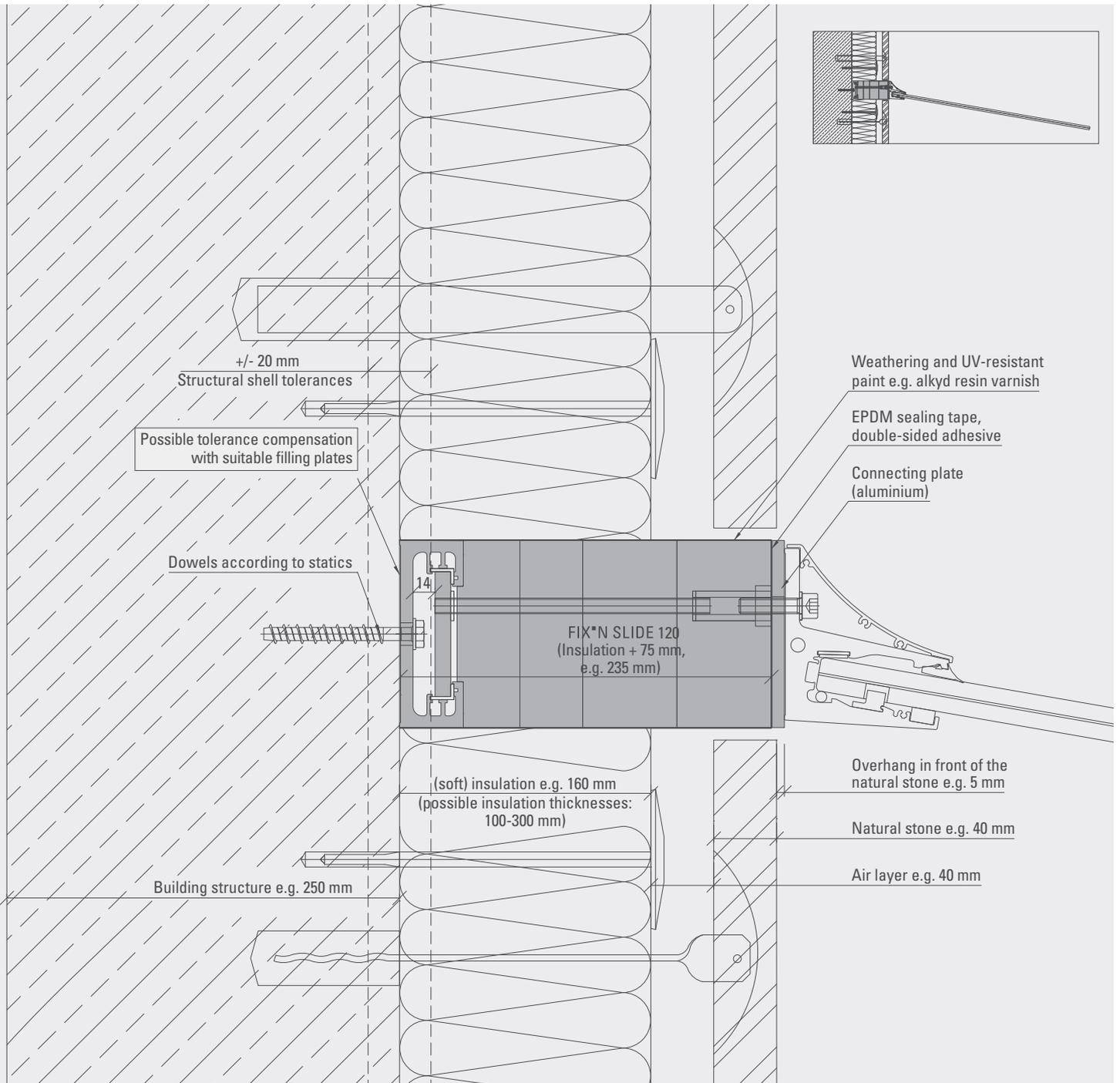
Horizontal section



### Glass canopy CANOPY *cloud*

natural stone and soft insulation

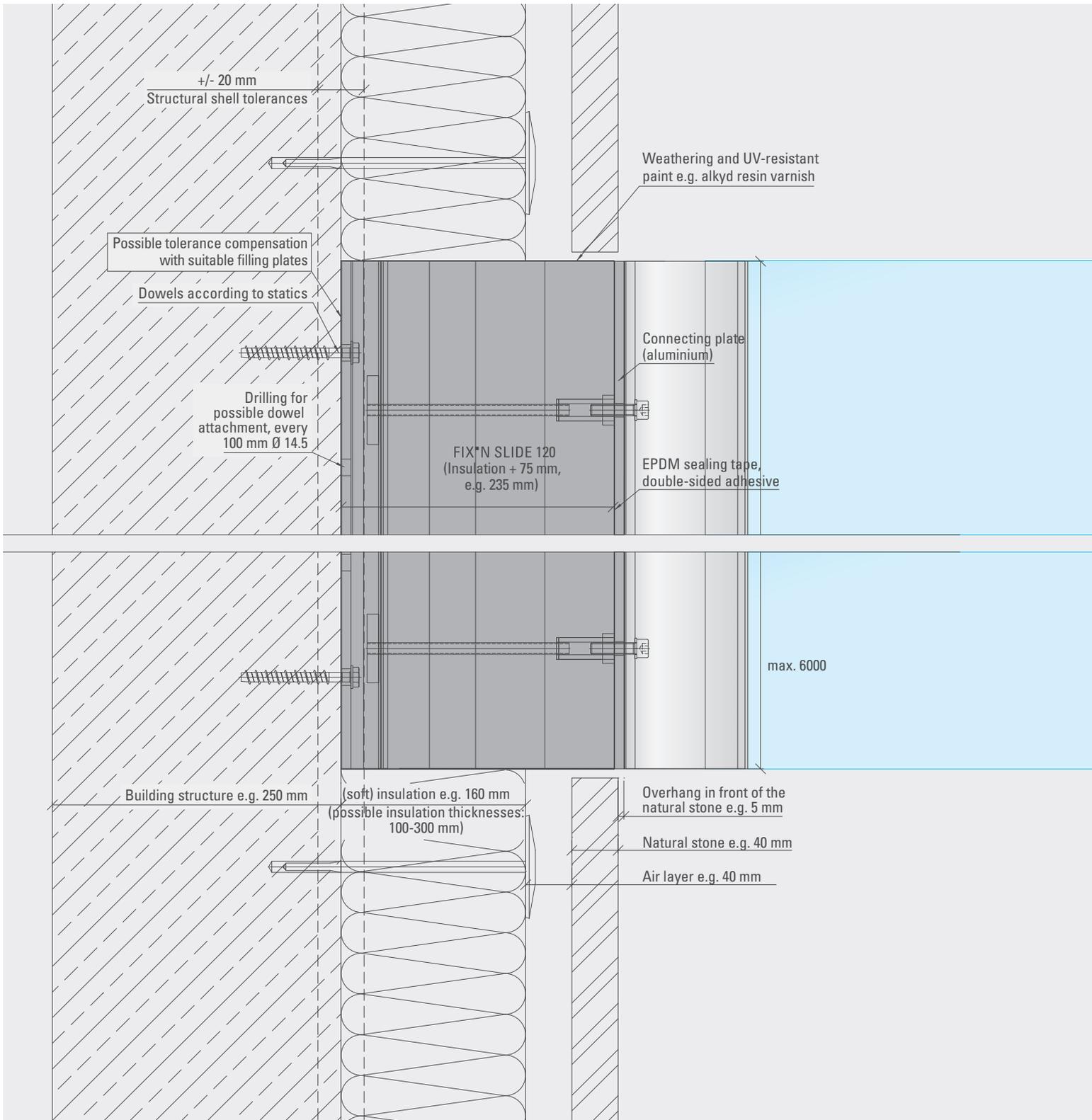
Vertical section



#### Installation recommendation

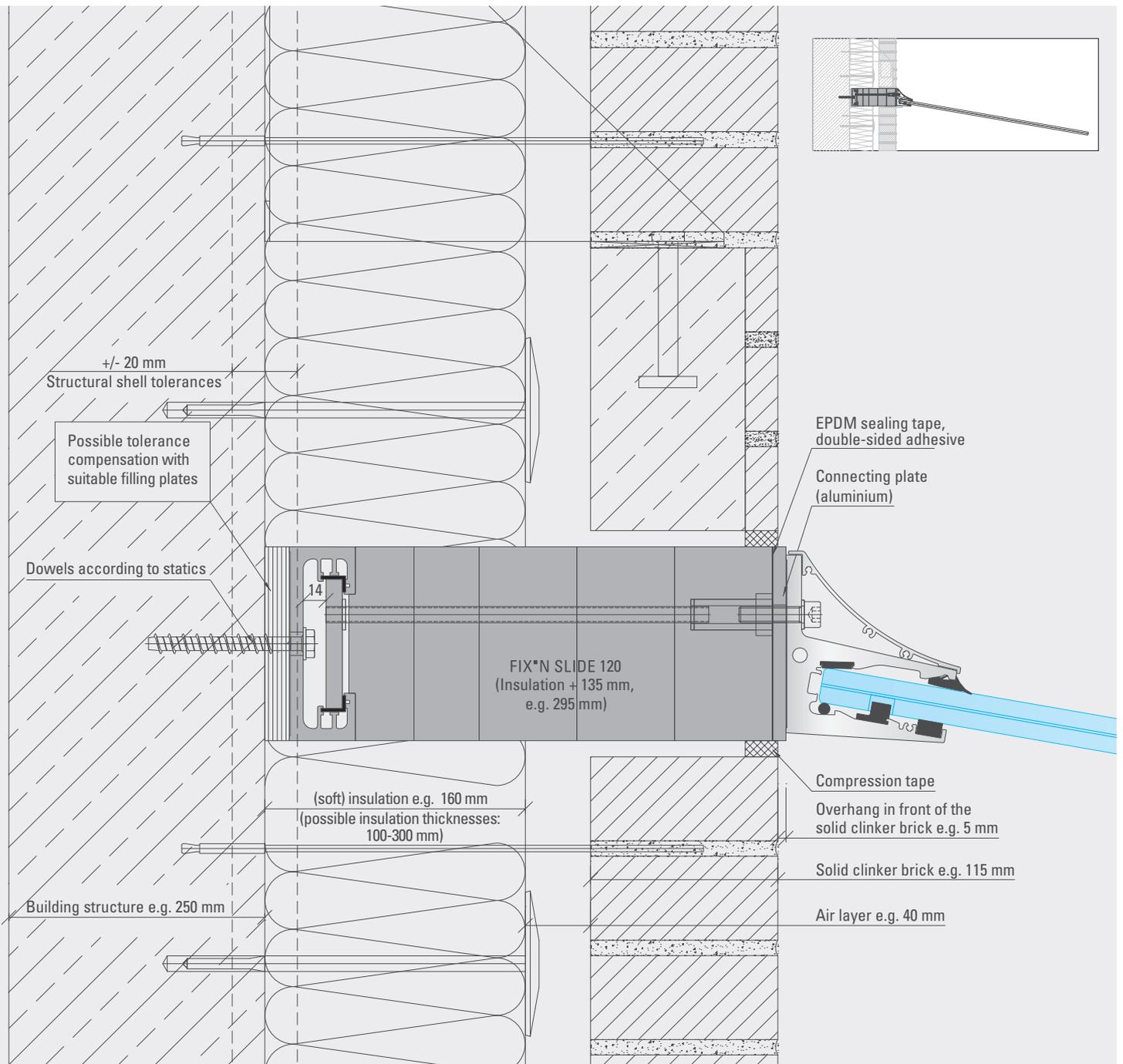
- String out building (determine outer edge of natural stone)
- Install FIX\*N SLIDE
  - adhesive EPDM sealing tape
  - Apply weathering and UV resistant paint e.g. alkyd resin paint
- Ensure exterior impermeability with double-sided adhesive EPDM sealing tape
- Install natural stone
- Install the canopy

Horizontal section



### Glass canopy CANOPY *cloud* solid clinker brick and soft insulation (160 mm)

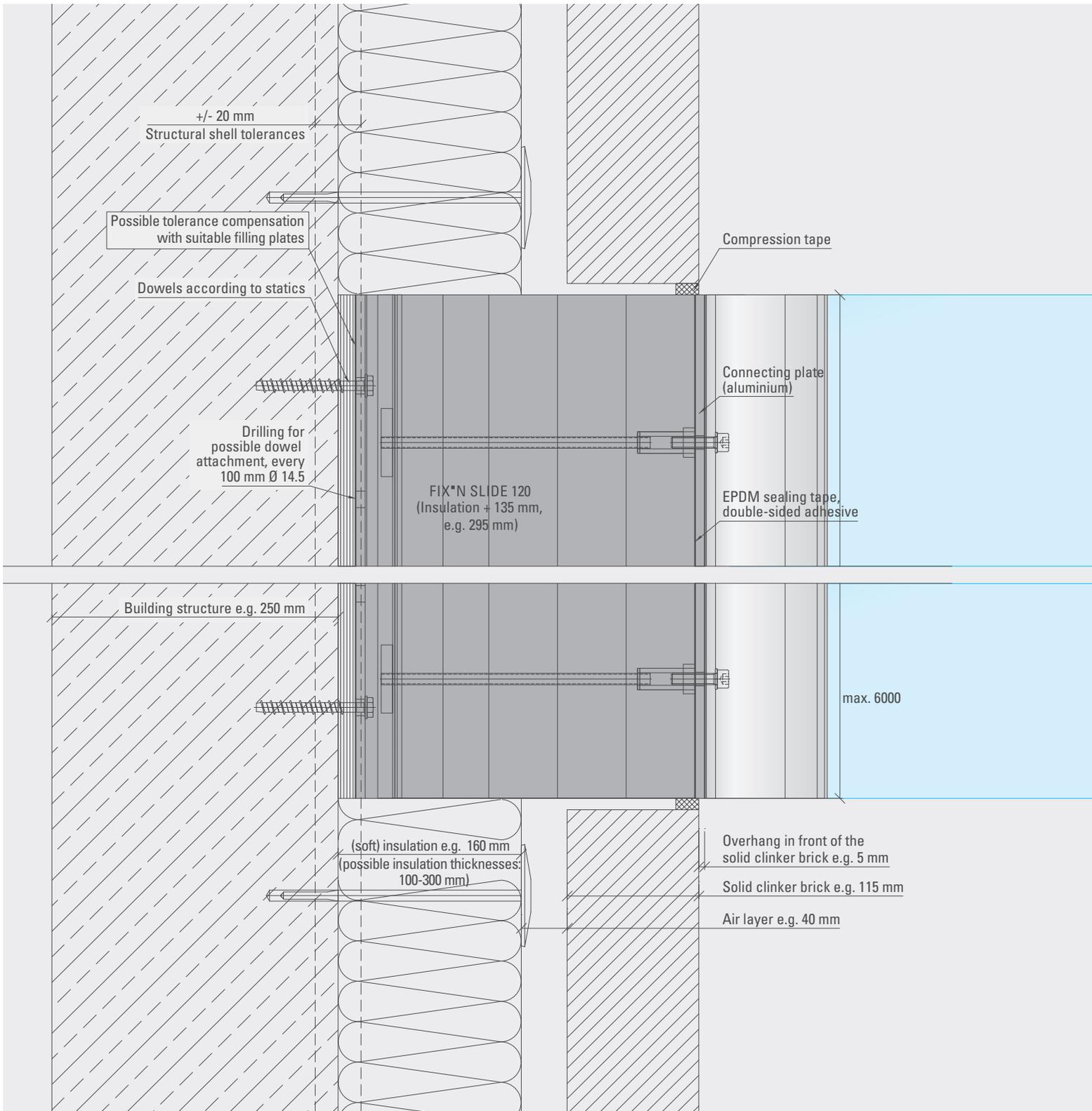
Vertical section



#### Installation recommendation

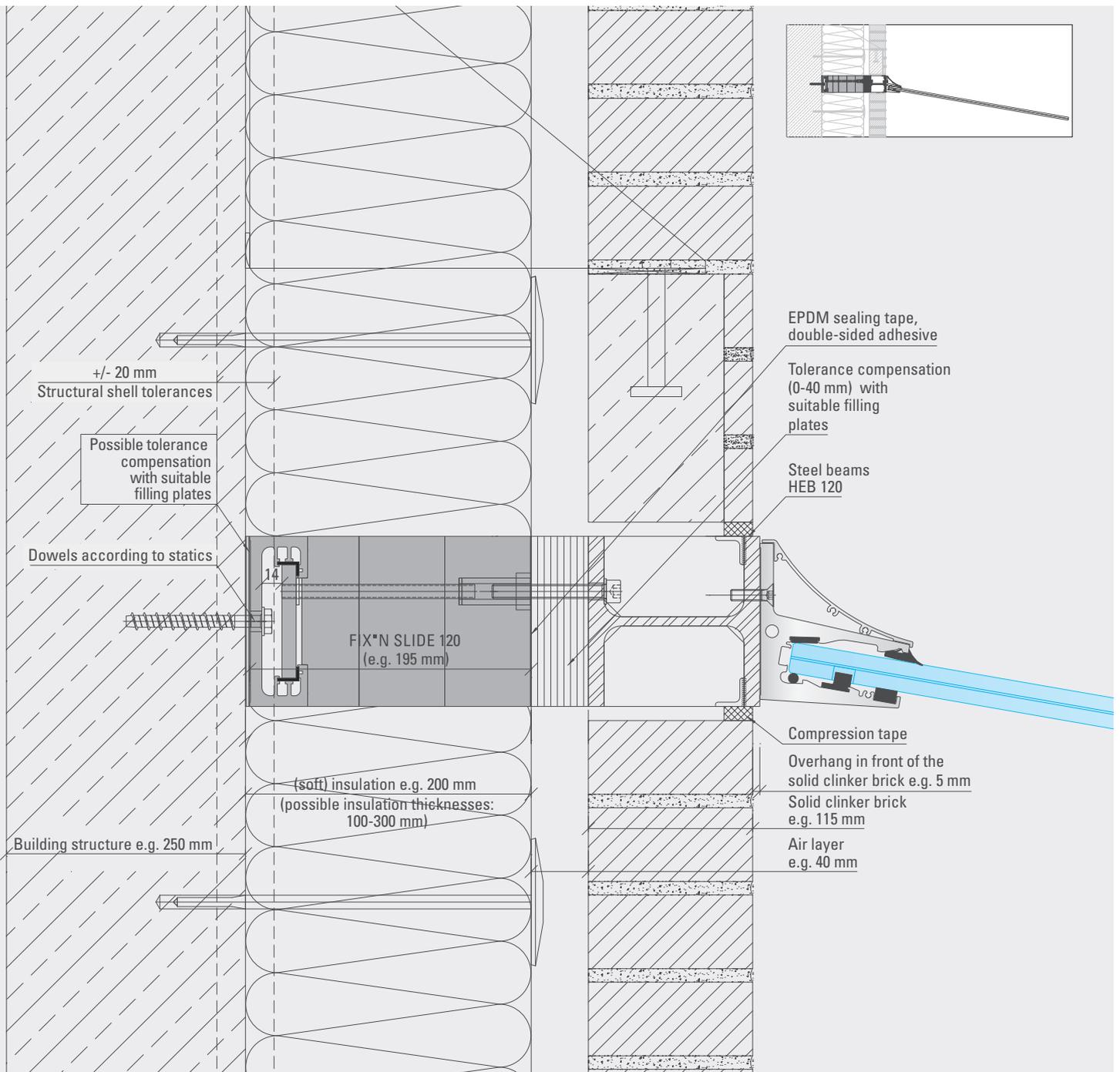
- String out building (determine outer edge of solid clinker brick)
- Install FIX<sup>N</sup> SLIDE  
(possible tolerance compensation with suitable filling plates/shims)
- Ensure exterior impermeability with double-sided adhesive EPDM sealing tape
- Fix connecting plate
- Install solid clinker brick
- Install the canopy
- Install foam (compressed/impregnated) sealing tape

Horizontal section



### Glass canopy CANOPY *cloud* solid clinker brick and soft insulation (200 mm)

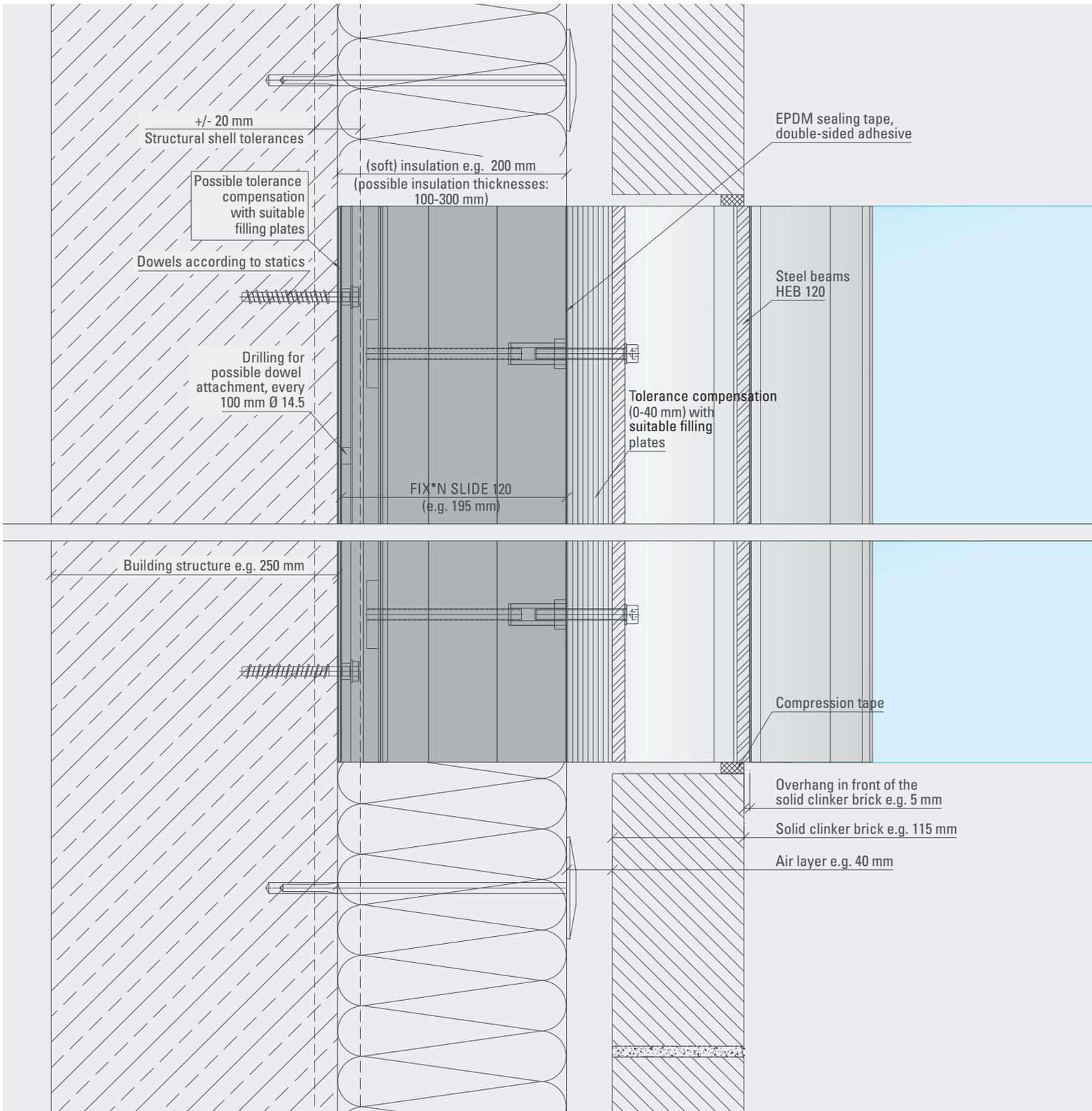
Vertical section



#### Installation recommendation

- String out building (determine outer edge of solid clinker brick)
- Install FIX<sup>N</sup> SLIDE  
(possible tolerance compensation with suitable filling plates/shims)
- Ensure exterior impermeability with double-sided adhesive EPDM sealing tape
- Install further filling plates/shims
- Fix steel beam
- Install solid clinker brick
- Install the canopy
- Install foam (compressed/impregnated) sealing tape

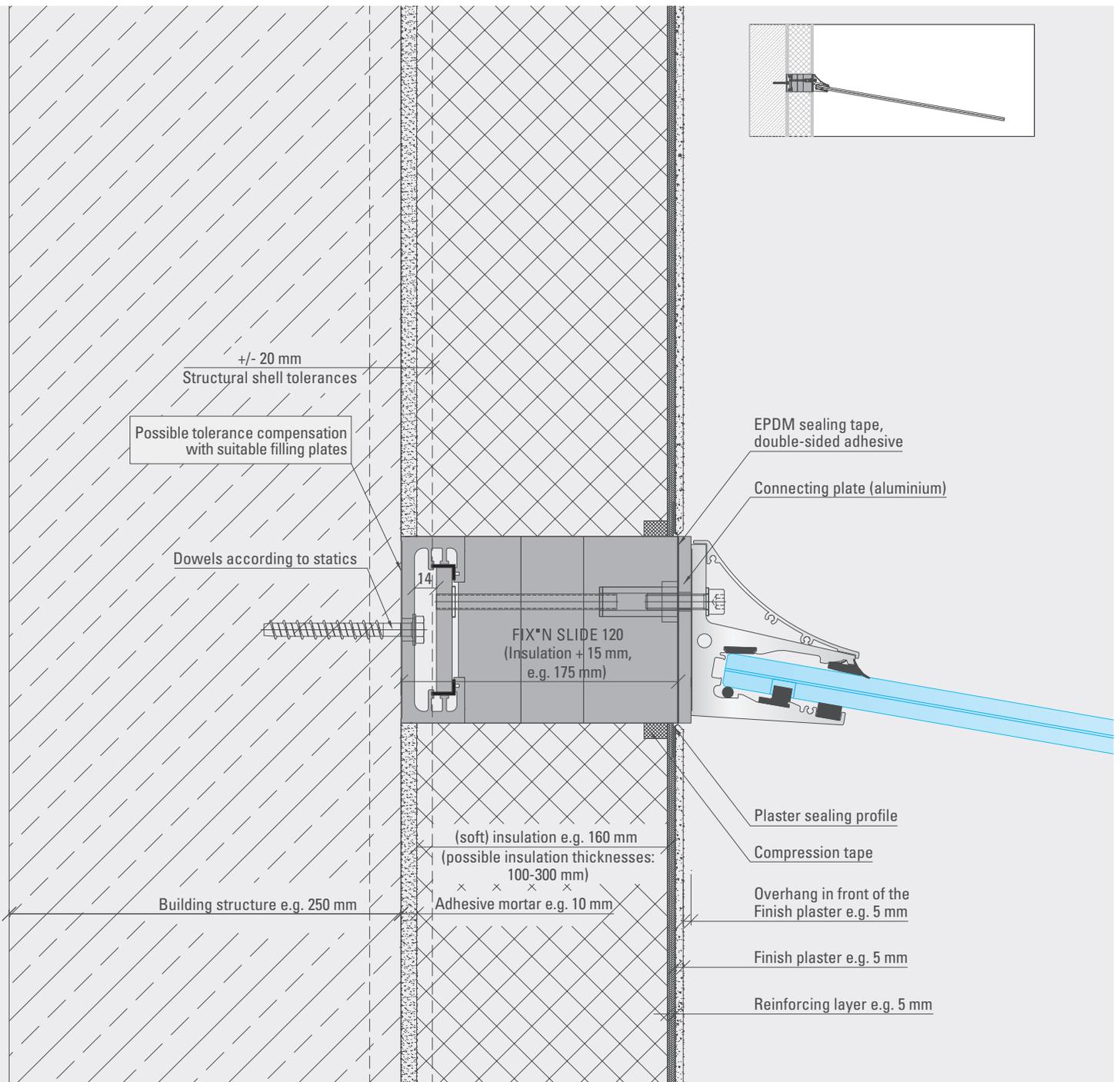
Horizontal section



### Glass canopy CANOPY *cloud*

finish plaster and hard insulation

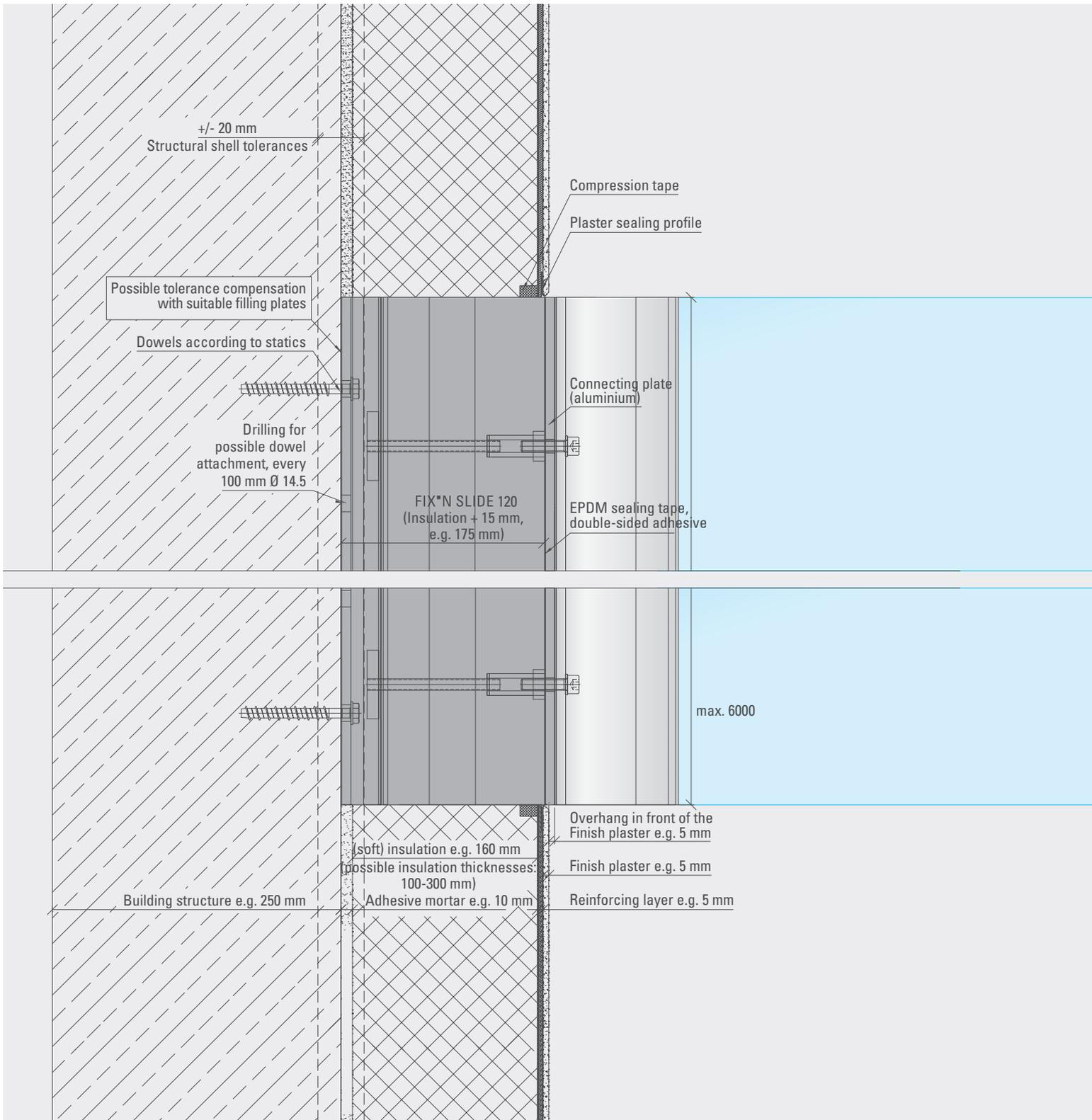
Vertical section



#### Installation recommendation

- String out building (determine insulation outer edge)
- Install FIX<sup>N</sup> SLIDE (possible tolerance compensation with suitable filling plates/shims)
- Fix connecting plate
- Ensure exterior impermeability durch double-sided adhesive EPDM sealing tape
- Create ETICS with finish plaster
- Install the canopy

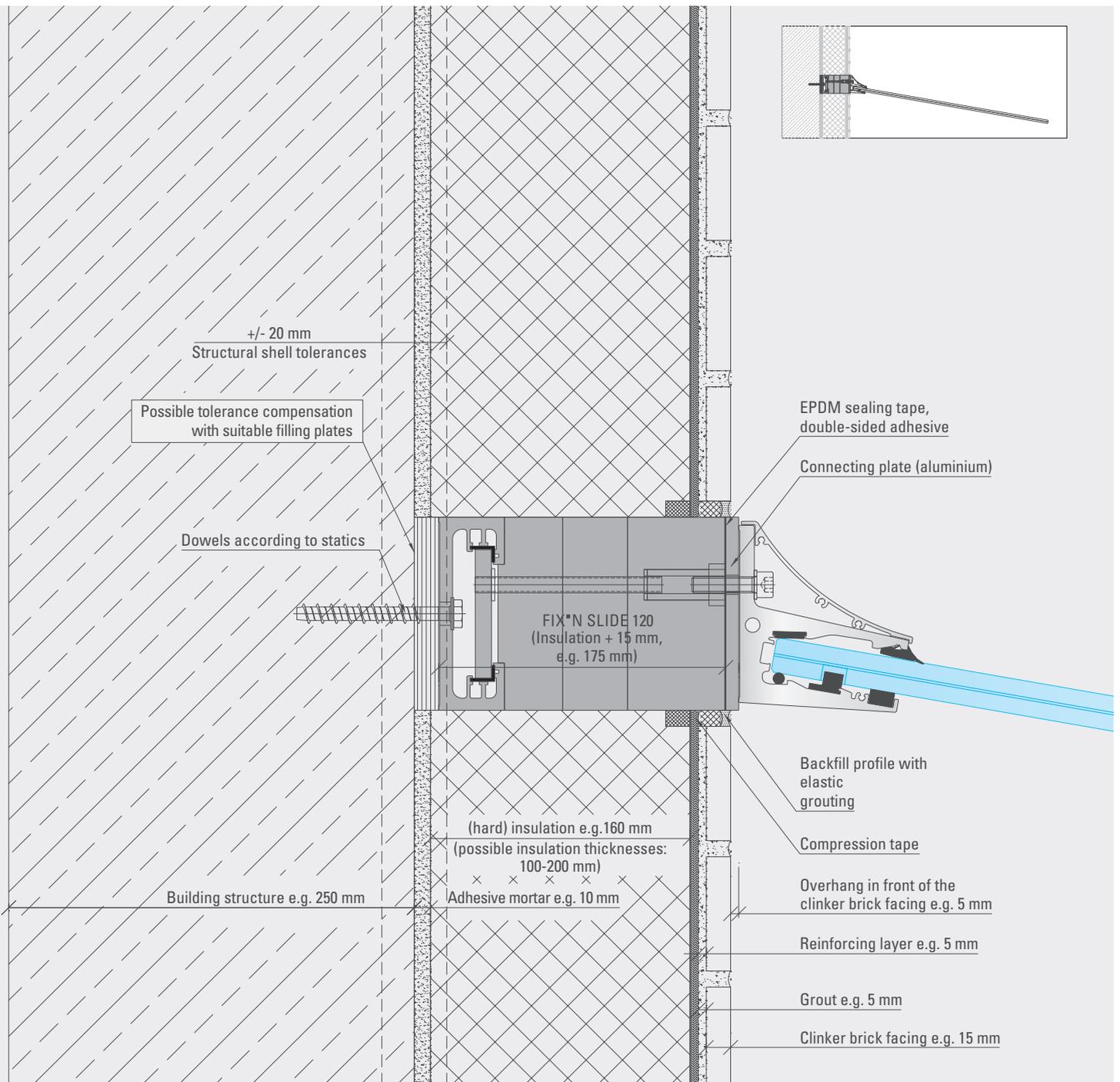
Horizontal section



### Glass canopy CANOPY *cloud*

clinker brick facing and hard insulation

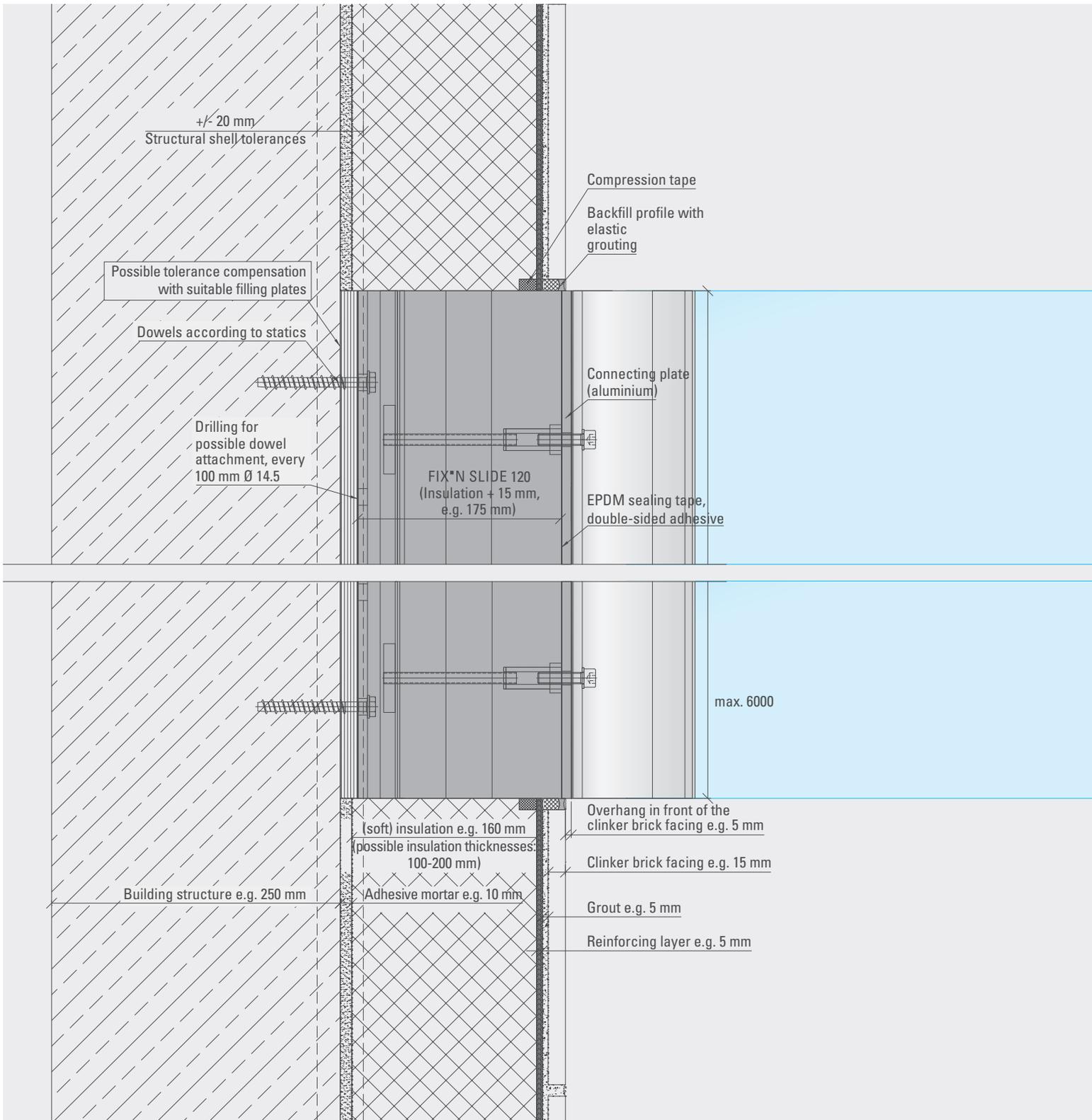
Vertical section



#### Installation recommendation

- String out building (determine insulation outer edge)
- Install FIX\*N SLIDE (possible tolerance compensation with suitable filling plates/shims)
- Fix connecting plate
- Ensure exterior impermeability durch double-sided adhesive EPDM sealing tape
- Create ETICS with clinker brick facing
- Install the canopy

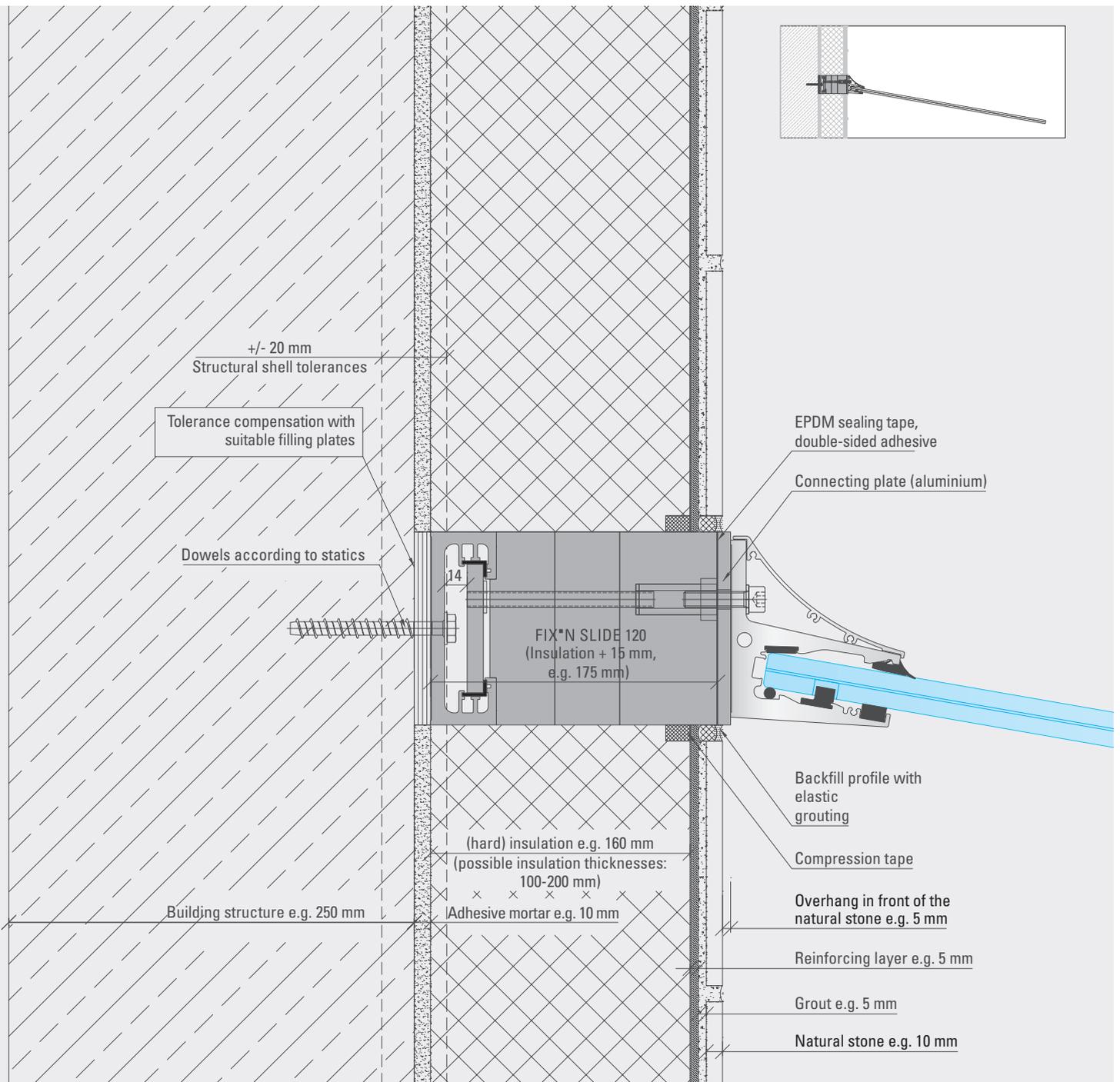
Horizontal section



### Glass canopy CANOPY *cloud*

natural stone and hard insulation

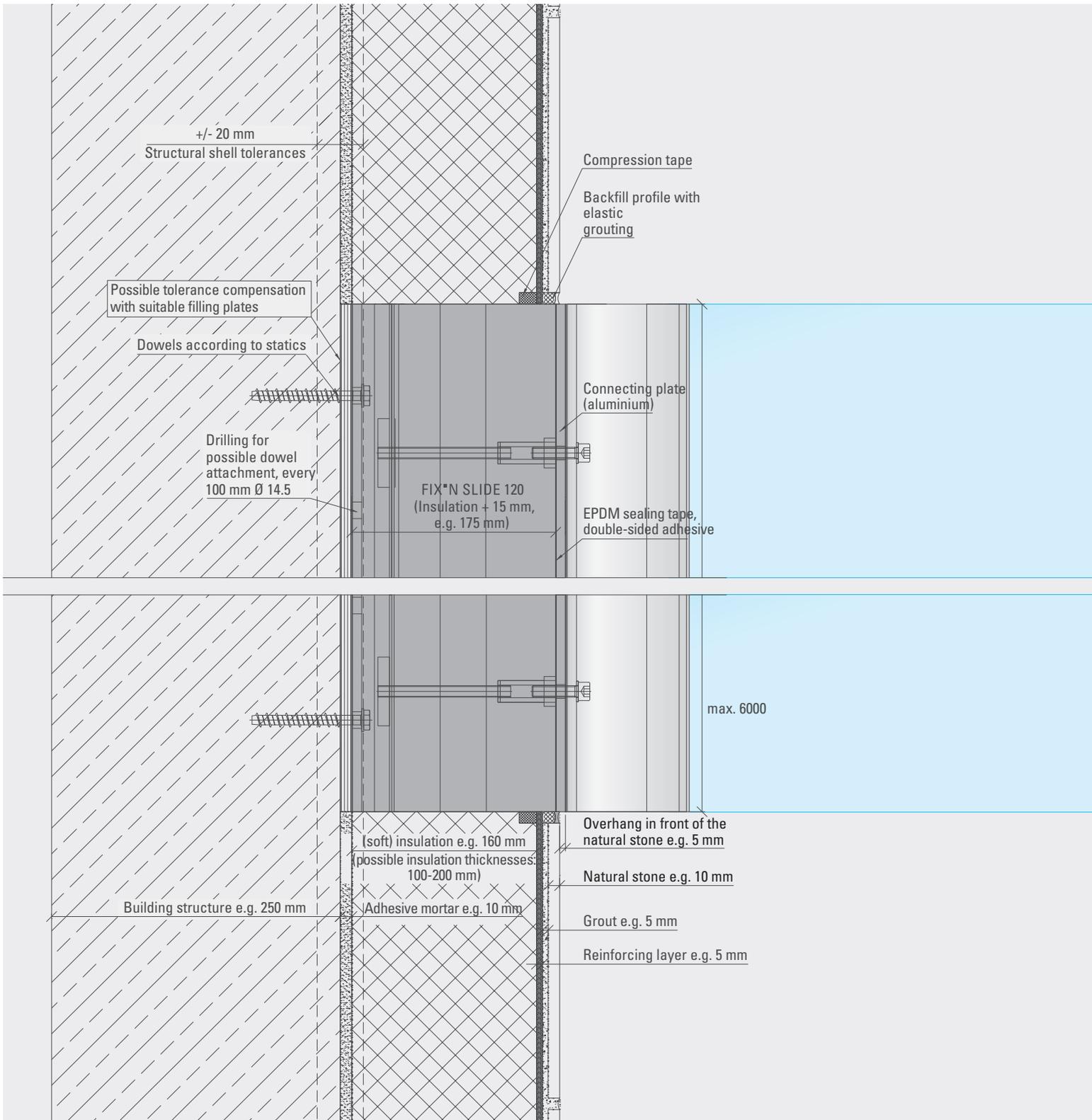
Vertical section



#### Installation recommendation

- String out building (determine insulation outer edge)
- Install FIX\*N SLIDE (possible tolerance compensation with suitable filling plates/shims)
- Fix connecting plate
- Ensure exterior impermeability durch double-sided adhesive EPDM sealing tape
- Create ETICS with natural stone
- Install the canopy

Horizontal section

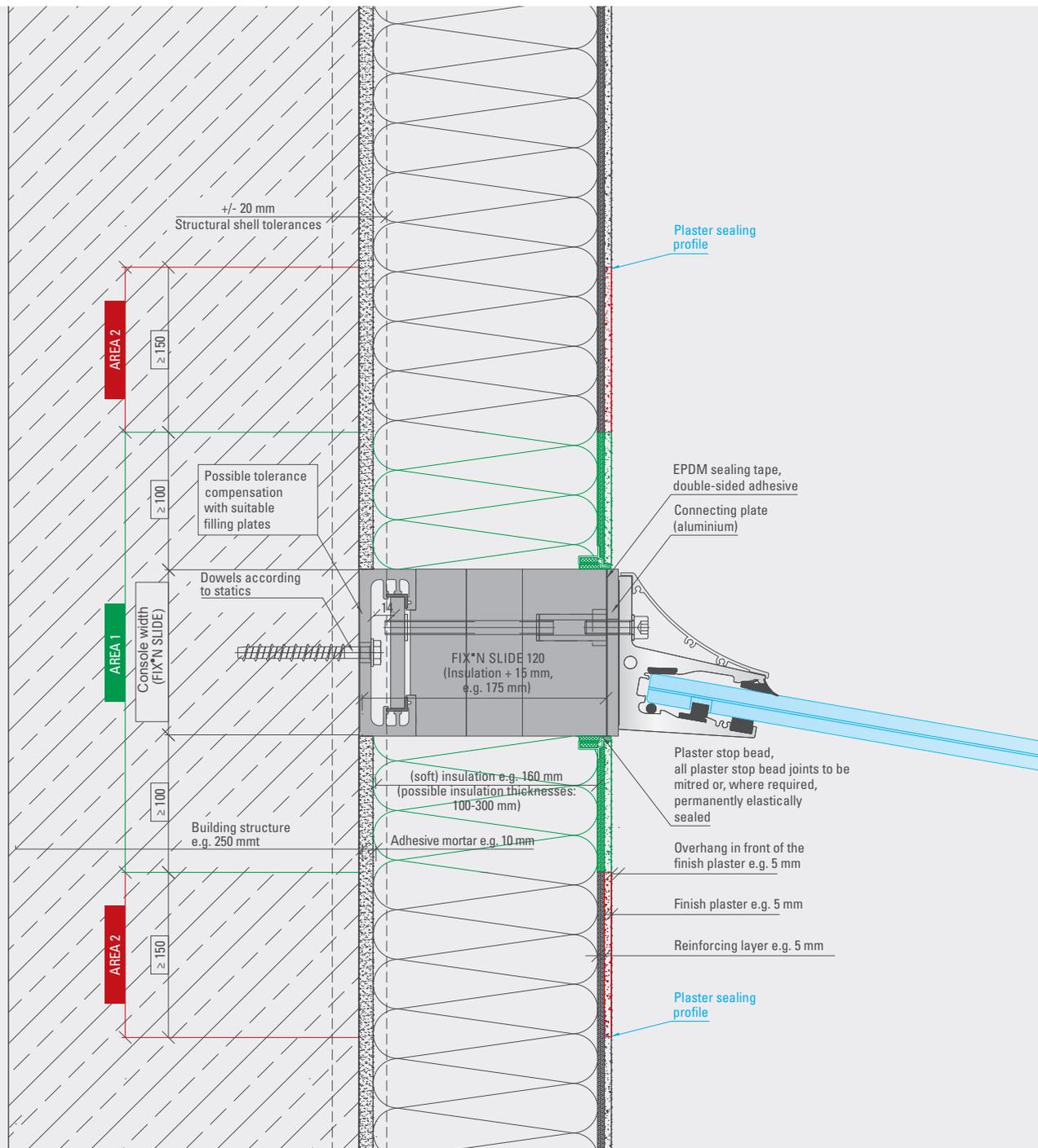


# Application examples existing building

## Glass canopy CANOPY cloud

finish plaster and soft insulation

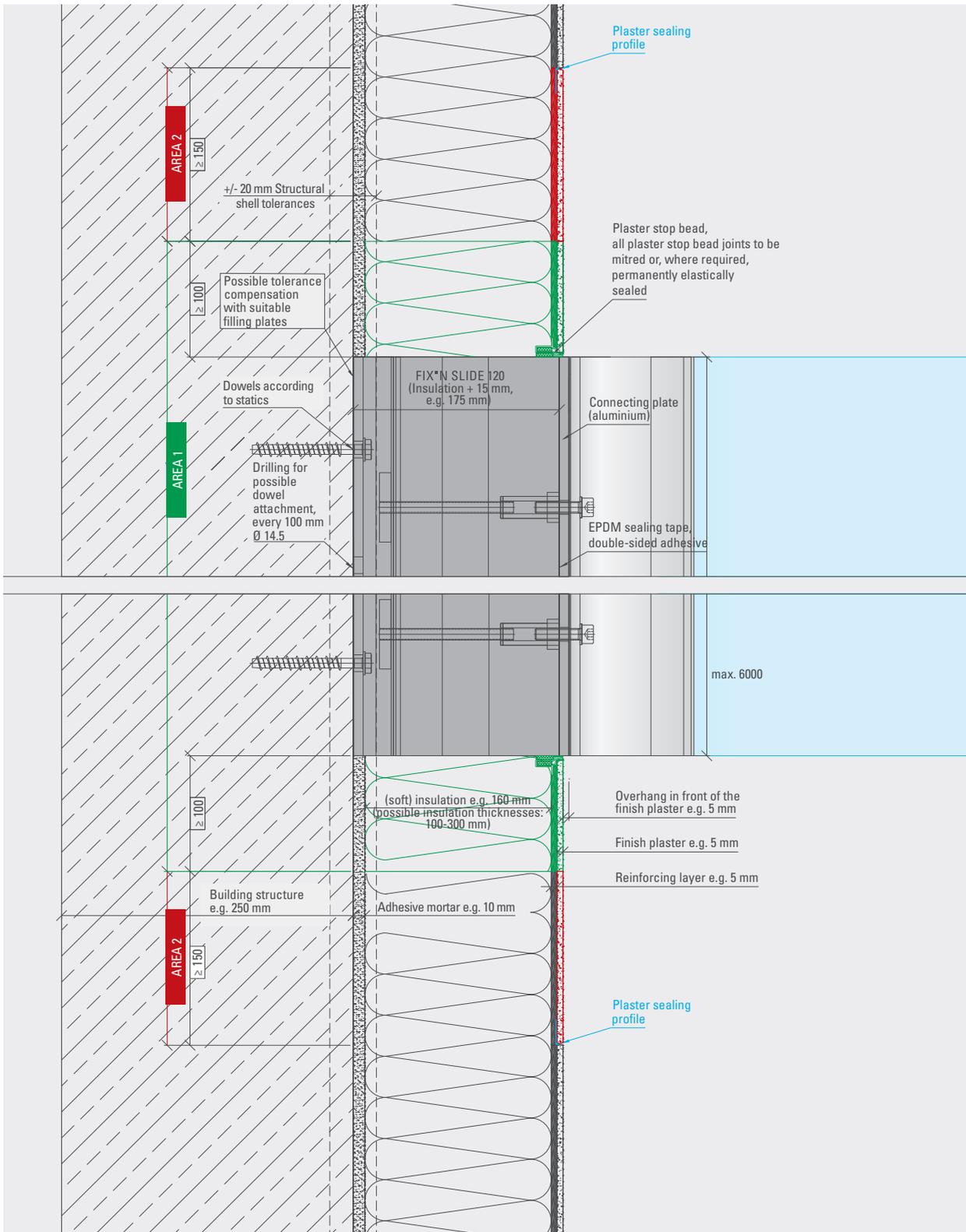
Vertical section



### Installation recommendation

- Cut ETICS back: **AREA 1** (console width FIX\*N SLIDE + 200 mm)
- Mill off finish plaster to reinforcing layer: **AREA 2**
- Install FIX\*N SLIDE
- Execute insulation and reinforcing layer (reinforcing layer must overlap existing reinforcing layer by approx. 150 mm).
- It is recommended to plaster the finish plaster with the **plaster sealing profile**
- Restore ETICS with finish plaster

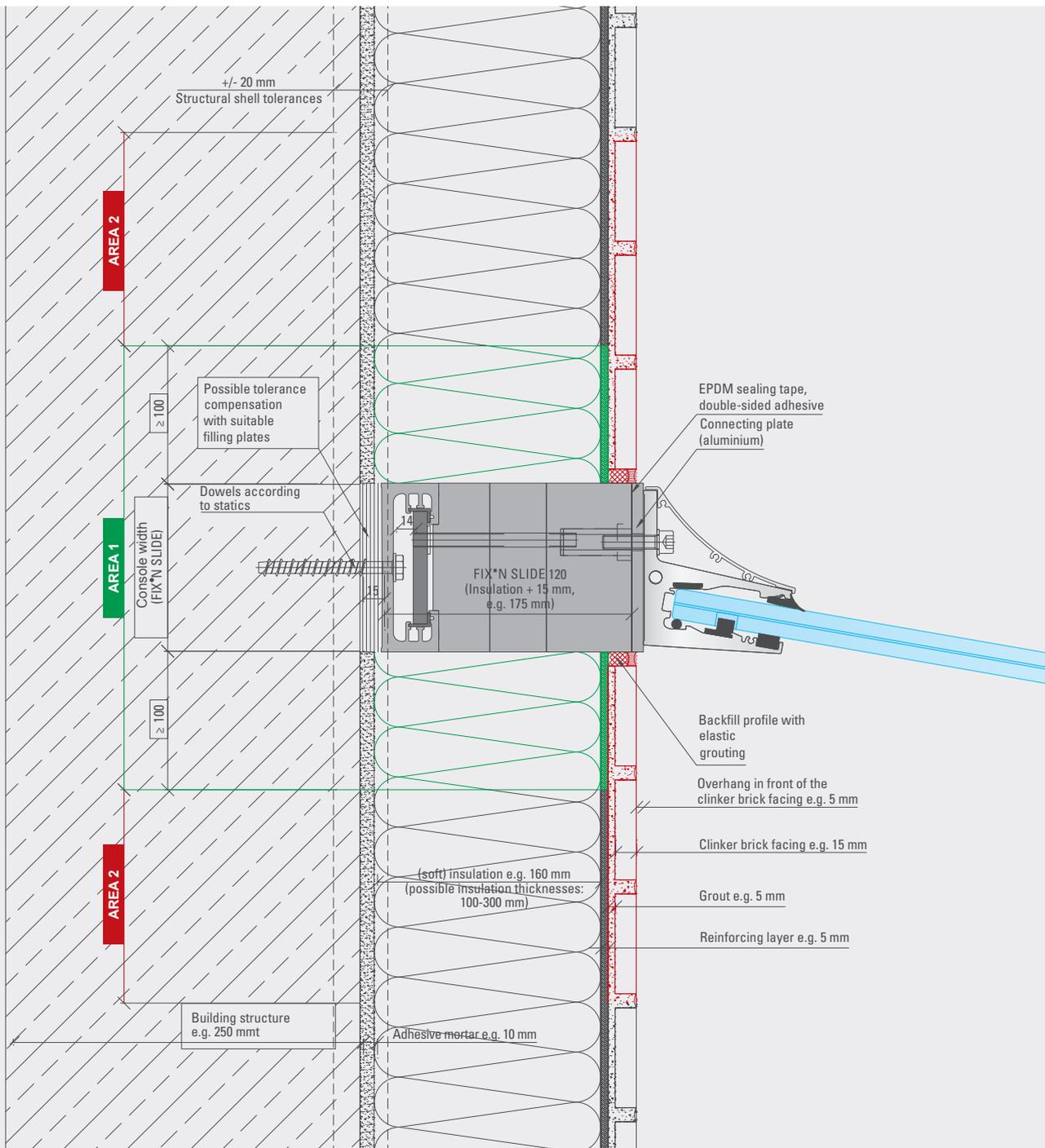
Horizontal section



### Glass canopy CANOPY cloud

clinker brick facing and soft insulation

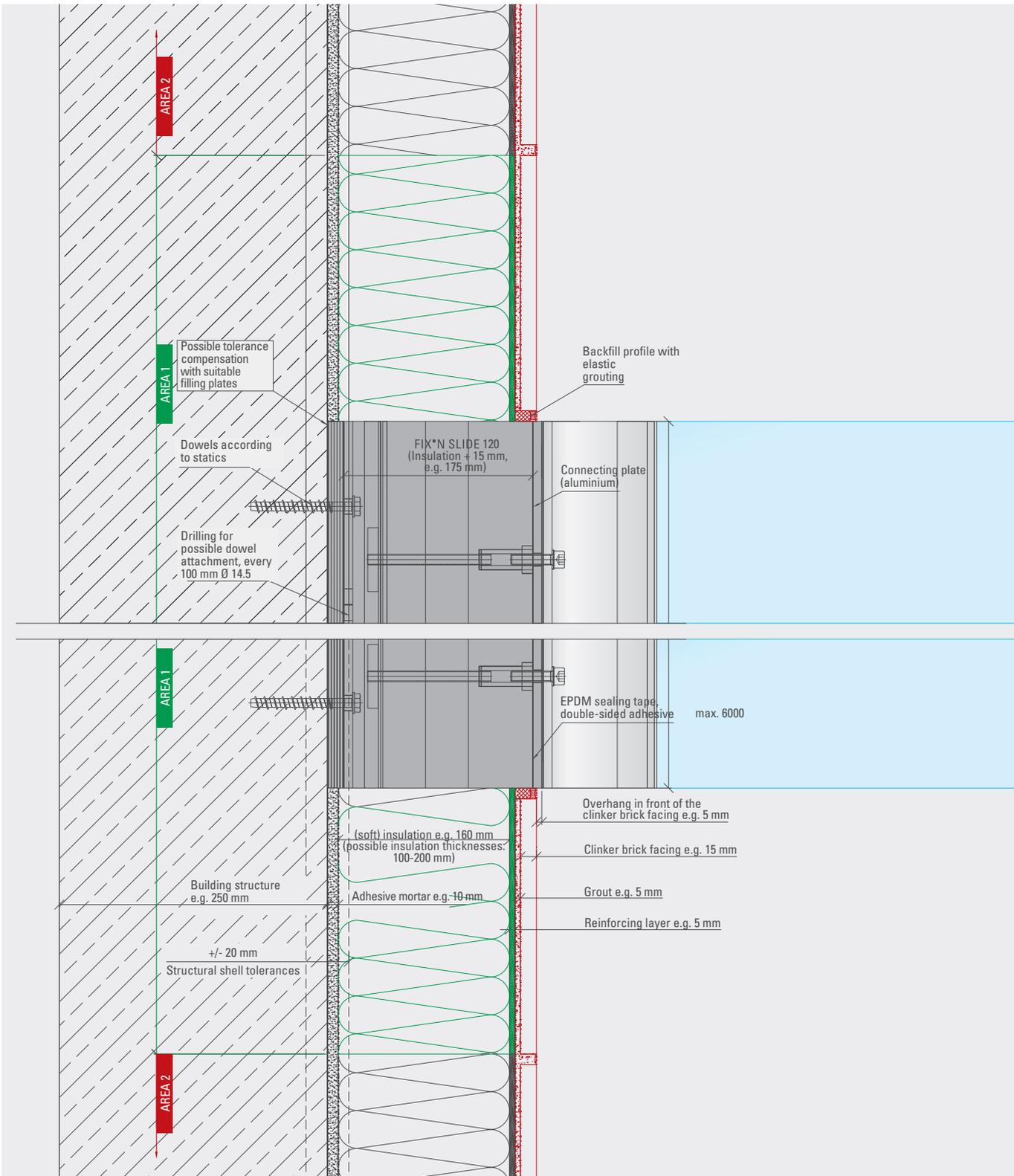
Vertical section



#### Installation recommendation

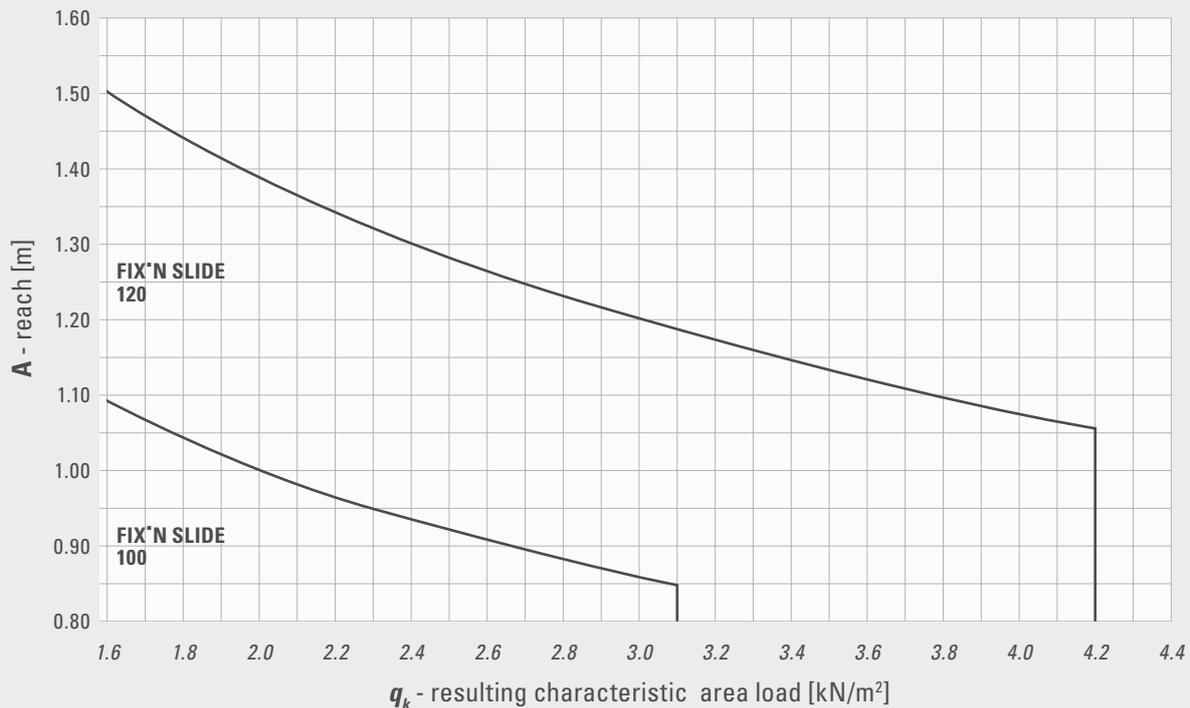
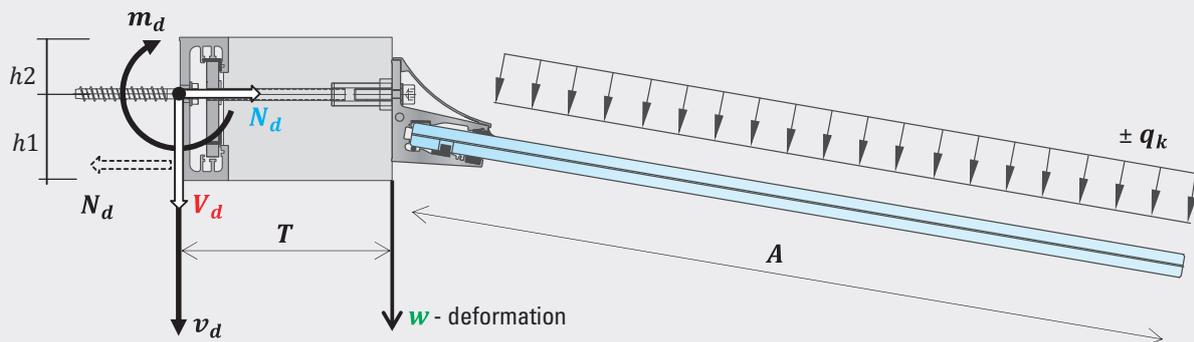
- Cut ETICS back: **AREA 1** (console width FIX\*N SLIDE + 200 mm)
- Mill off clinker brick facing to reinforcing layer: **AREA 2**
- Install FIX\*N SLIDE
- Execute insulation and reinforcing layer (reinforcing layer must overlap existing reinforcing layer by approx. 150 mm).
- Observe the specifications of the ETICS system provider
- Restore ETICS with clinker brick facing

Horizontal section



# Dimensioning FIX'N SLIDE

Load capacity, deformations and bearing forces



Calculated values of the linear bearing moment  $m_d$  and the linear bearing force  $v_d$

$$v_{d.1}[\text{kN/m}] = (\gamma_Q \cdot q_k[\text{kN/m}^2] + \gamma_{G,\text{sup}} \cdot g[\text{kN/m}^2]) \cdot A_{[m]} \quad \text{under downward loads} \quad (q_k > 0) \quad \gamma_Q = 1,5, \gamma_{G,\text{sup}} = 1,35$$

$$v_{d.2}[\text{kN/m}] = (\gamma_Q \cdot q_k[\text{kN/m}^2] - \gamma_{G,\text{inf}} \cdot g[\text{kN/m}^2]) \cdot A_{[m]} \quad \text{under upward loads} \quad (q_k < 0) \quad \gamma_Q = 1,5, \gamma_{G,\text{inf}} = 1,0$$

$$m_{d.1}[\text{kNm/m}] = v_{d.1}[\text{kN/m}] \cdot (T_{[m]} + A_{[m]}/2)$$

$$m_{d.2}[\text{kNm/m}] = v_{d.2}[\text{kN/m}] \cdot (T_{[m]} + A_{[m]}/2)$$

$g$  – Glass weight = 0.4 kN/m<sup>2</sup> for VSG 16, 0.5 kN/m<sup>2</sup> for LSG 20 bzw. 0.6 kN/m<sup>2</sup> or VSG 24

Characteristic value of the linear bearing moment  $m$

$$m_{[kNm/m]} = (q_k[\text{kN/m}^2] + g[\text{kN/m}^2]) \cdot A_{[m]} \cdot (T_{[m]} + A_{[m]}/2)$$

### Limit state of carrying capacity

$$m_{d,1} \leq m_{R,d}, \quad -m_{d,2} \leq m_{R,d} \quad \text{and} \quad v_d \leq v_{R,d}$$

	$T$ [mm]	to 90	90-100	100-120	120-140	140-160	160-180	180-200	100-220	220-240	240-260	260-280	280-300	300-320
FS 100	$m_{R,d}$ [kNm/m]	4.24	3.98	3.56	3.25	2.99	2.79	2.62	2.47	2.34	2.23	2.14	2.05	1.97
	$v_{R,d}$ [kN/m]	47.1	39.8	29.7	23.2	18.7	15.5	13.1	11.3	9.8	8.6	7.7	6.9	6.2
FS 120	$m_{R,d}$ [kNm/m]	7.76	7.19	6.31	5.65	5.14	4.72	4.38	4.09	3.84	3.63	3.44	3.28	3.13
	$v_{R,d}$ [kN/m]	52.4	52.4	52.4	40.4	32.1	26.3	21.9	18.6	16.0	14.0	12.3	11.0	9.8

### Limit state of carrying capacity - deformations

Existing deformation  $w$  at the front edge of the **FS 100** element as a function of the element depth  $T$  and the characteristic linear moment  $m$

	$T$ [mm]	to 90	90-100	100-120	120-140	140-160	160-180	180-200	100-220	220-240	240-260	260-280	280-300	300-320
	$m$ [kNm/m]	existing deformation $w$ [mm]												
FS 100	to 0.25 kNm/m	< 1 mm	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	2	2
	0.25 - 0.50	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	2	2	2	2	2	3
	0.50 - 0.75	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	2	2	2	3	3	4	4
	0.75 - 1.00	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	2	2	3	3	4	5	5
	1.00 - 1.25	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	2	2	2	3	3	4			
	1.25 - 1.50	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	2	2	2	3	4				
	1.50 - 1.75	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	2	2	3	4					

Existing deformation  $w$  at the front edge of the **FS 120** element as a function of the element depth  $T$  and the characteristic linear moment  $m$

	$T$ [mm]	to 90	90-100	100-120	120-140	140-160	160-180	180-200	100-220	220-240	240-260	260-280	280-300	300-320
	$m$ [kNm/m]	existing deformation $w$ [mm]												
FS 120	to 1.00 kNm/m	< 1 mm	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	2	2	2	2	3
	1.0 - 1.250	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	2	2	2	2	3	3	4
	1.25 - 1.75	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5
	1.75 - 2.00	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	6
	2.00 - 2.25	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	2	2	2	3	4	4	5	6	
	2.25 - 2.75	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	2	2	3	3	4				
	2.75 - 3.25	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	2	2	3	4					

### Bearing forces: $N_d$ and $V_d$

Bearing forces  $N_d$  and  $V_d$  are to be calculated according to the specifications on pages 20 and 21 with the linear moments and shear forces for FS  $m_{d,1}$ ,  $m_{d,2}$ ,  $v_{d,1}$  and  $v_{d,2}$ .

For this  $C = 100$  mm,  $h_1 = h_2 = 50$  mm for FS 100 or 60 mm for FS 120



### Constraints

- Exterior temperatures

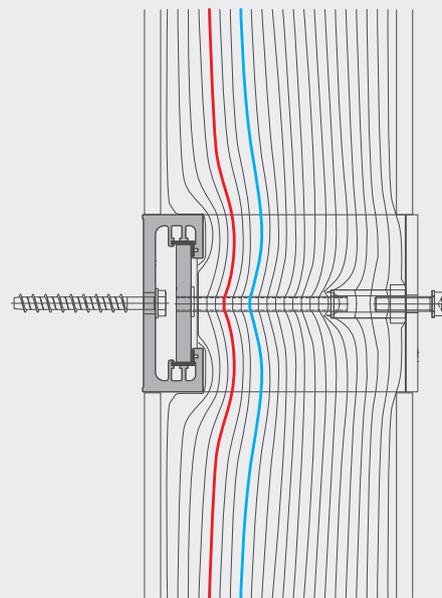
:  $T_a = -5^\circ\text{C}$   
inside:  $T_i = 20^\circ\text{C}$

- External thermal transfer

:  $R_a = 0.04\text{ m}^2\text{K/W}$   
inside:  $R_i = 0.13\text{ m}^2\text{K/W}$  (heat flow)  
 $R_i = 0.25\text{ m}^2\text{K/W}$  (temperature)

### Isotherm calculation

12.6° C isotherm ————  
10.0° C isotherm ————



### Results

- Minimum heat insulation

$f_{RSI} = 0.930 (>0.70)$   
 $T = 18.13^\circ\text{C}$

#### Minimum heat insulation complied with

- Wall structure  $U = 0.20\text{ W/m}^2\text{K}$   
250 mm reinforced concrete  
10 mm plaster  
160 mm insulation WLG 035  
10 mm reinforcing, plaster

- Extracts from relevant standards/norms

DIN 4108-2  
DIN EN ISO 13788  
DIN EN ISO 10211  
DIN EN ISO 10077  
DIN EN ISO 12631  
DIN EN ISO 6946

- Thermal bridge allowance for energy planning according to EnEV 2016

$\chi$  value of the punctiform thermal bridge  
 $\chi = 0.277\text{ W/K}$

- Audit/test report of the thermal simulation

Audit/test report No.  
FS\_120\_3000\_WDVS\_160\_P

### Linear connection

FIX*N SLIDE	Insulation thickness mm	$\chi$ value W/K	$f_{RSI} > 0.70$	T °C
100	80	0.507	0.870	16.63
	160	0.250	0.930	18.20
	300	0.130	0.960	19.02
120	80	0.546	0.860	16.52
	160	0.277	0.930	18.13
	300	0.140	0.960	18.99



## Lighting for CANOPY *cloud* LED strip

- Printed circuit board: flexible printed circuit with adhesive tape
- Voltage: 24V DC
- Power: 14.4 W/m
- LED type: SMD5050
- Number of LEDs: 60 pcs./m
- Luminous flux/LED: 18-20 lm
- Separability: every LEDs or every 10 cm
- Colour temperature: 6000 K +/- 100 K
- Dimensions: 10 x 2 mm (W x H)
- Degree of protection: IP65
- Cable length: 1 m
- Packing unit: 2.5 m roll or 6.0 m roll
- Energy efficiency class: A+
- Certificates: CE, RoHs

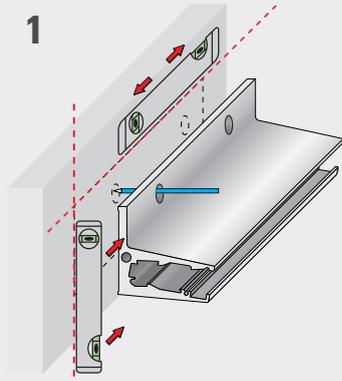


**GLASSLINE**

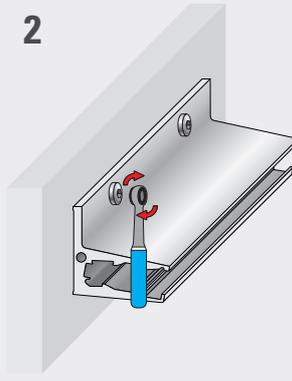
**CANOPY** *cloud*



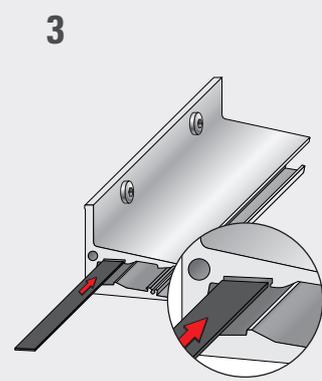
# Installation manual - CANOPY *cloud*



1 Align to the substructure. Determine the attachment points with the help of the profile.

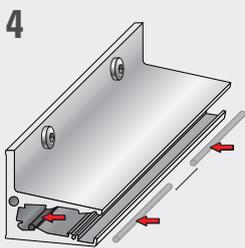


2 Attach the profile to the substructure or building element with approved means of connection.

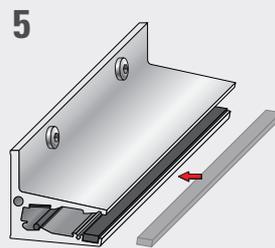


3 Slide the rear support strip into the upper groove.

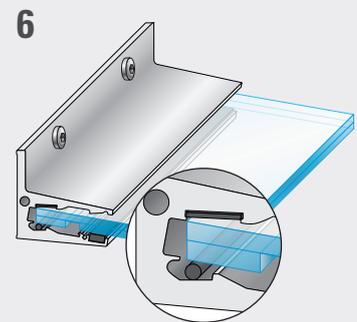
 Profile projection left and right approx. 5 mm



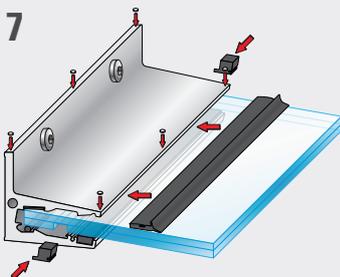
4 Place the clipping strips in the inner profile notch at a spacing of 200 mm, minimum of 3 clipping strips per washer.



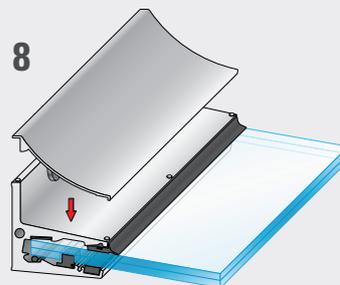
5 Place the front support strip in the groove provided for this purpose.



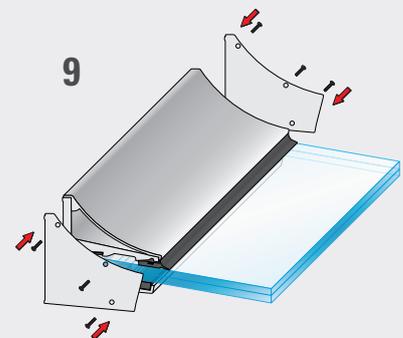
6 Insert the glass pane into the profile stop.



7 Fix the glass pane double-sided with the securing blocks. Press the front support seal between the glass and the profile. Glue the silicone buffers at regular intervals on the profile top and front edge.



8 Place the facing cover on the profile.



9 Secure the side covers and the facing cover with the locking screws. Optionally additional end plates can be glued on.

# Installation manual FIX'N SLIDE



Slide the plastic elements for thermal bridging reduction into the areas of the aluminium mounting rail provided for this purpose.



Determine the attachment points using the aluminum mounting rail. Attach the aluminum mounting rail to the substructure or building element with regulated/approved means of connection.



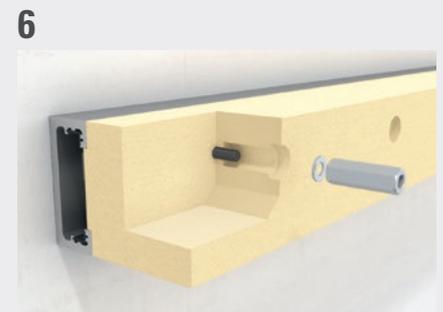
Screw the tension-resistant threaded rods into the insert plates and guide the insert plates into the aluminium mounting rail.



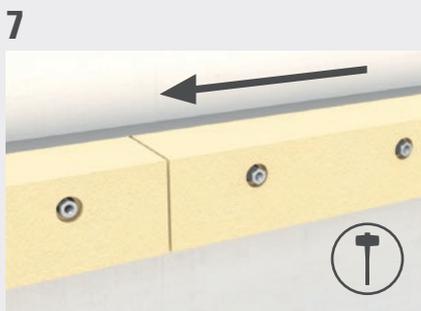
Align the insert plates according to the attachment points of the add-on element by sliding. Secure the insert plates with the pre-drilled installation aid.



Slide the pre-drilled insulating elements over the threaded rods.



Insert the washers and threaded sleeves on the threaded rods and fasten them with a tightening torque of 10 Nm.



After attaching the first insulating elements, slide the other elements end-to-end together (if the case may be, knock with a hammer).



To help with installing, insert a bolt into a threaded sleeve and attach the optional aluminium connection plate with self-adhesive EPDM tape to the insulating element.

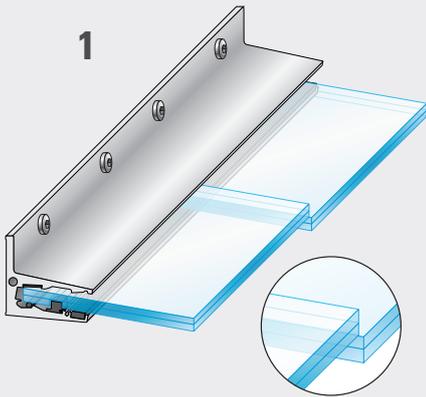


Align the attachment (here CANOPY CLOUD from GLASSLINE) with a bolt. Fasten the attachment to the substructure with regulated/approved means of connecting with a tightening torque of 24 Nm for M10 or M12 Nm for M8.

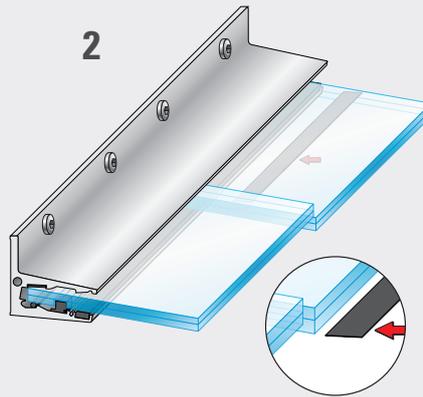
All screw connections must be secured against loosening with appropriate measures.

### Options for aligning the glass joints

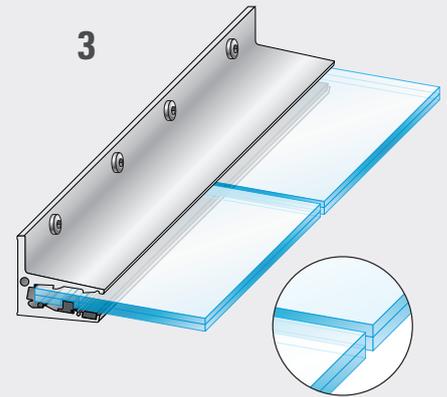
#### Alignment via underlaying with EPDM



Assemble the canopy as described under points 1-6 on page 62.



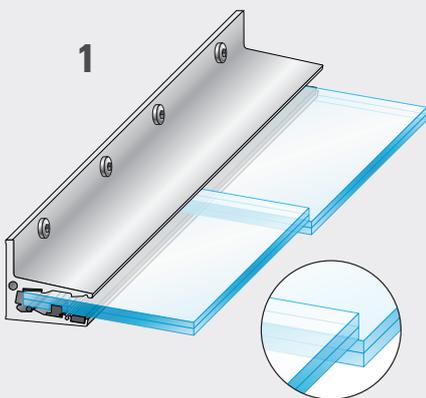
For a possible offset glass pane, place an additional EPDM strip under the front support strip.



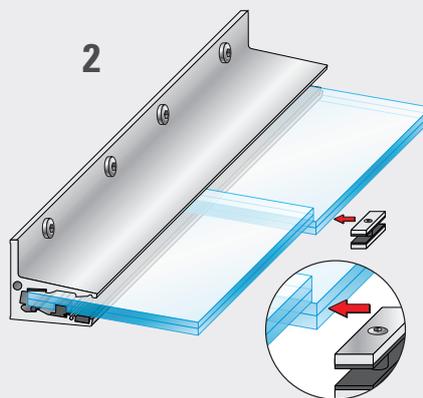
The glass pane is now aligned.

#### Optional fasteners for 2 glass panes in the drainage area

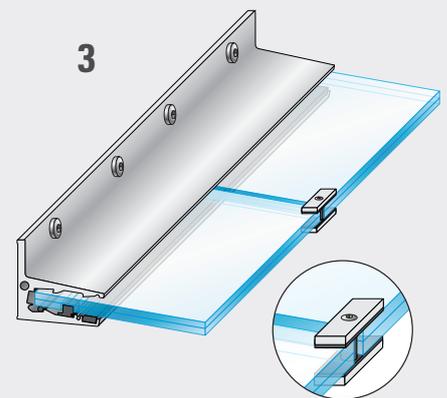
#### Alignment with optional fasteners



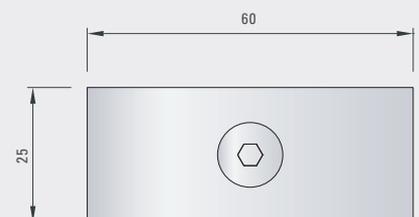
Assemble the canopy as described under points 1-9 on page 62.



Insert and fix the aluminium clip over the two glass panes.



The glass pane is now aligned.





## Online 3D configuration tool

**Unique!**

You can now configure **CANOPY cloud** online for a fast and precise request.

- Simple, intuitive usability
- Real-time 3D visualisation of your configured **CANOPY cloud** canopy



[www.glassline.de/canopy-configuration-tool](http://www.glassline.de/canopy-configuration-tool)

# CANOPY *cloud* product inquiry

Name

Company

Street address

Postcode/ City

Telephone

Telefax

Email (Please fill in all fields)

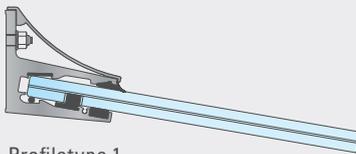
## The speedy inquiry:

- Print/save inquiry
- Fill in
- Fax to **+49 (0) 6291/6259-11** or  
by email to **info@glassline.de**  
Your inquiry will be processed as soon as possible.

Construction project

## Glass canopy stock program

**System 800 | System 900**  
**System 1,000 | System 1,100**

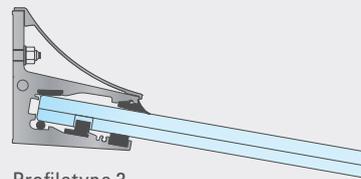


Profiletype 1

Please fill in or check

Glass dimensions	piece(s)	System / Reach mm			
		800	900	1,000	1,100
1,200 mm					
1,400 mm					
1,600 mm					
1,800 mm					
2,000 mm					
2,200 mm					
2,400 mm					
2,600 mm					
2,800 mm					
3,000 mm					

**System 1,200 | System 1,300**  
**System 1,500**



Profiletype 3

Please fill in or check

Glass dimensions	piece(s)	System / Reach mm		
		1,200	1,300	1,500
1,600 mm				
1,800 mm				
2,000 mm				
2,200 mm				
2,400 mm				
2,600 mm				
2,800 mm				
3,000 mm				

## Surface (please check)

- |                          |                       |                          |                              |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | "Natural" untreated   | <input type="checkbox"/> | Stainless steel look (E6EV1) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Anthracite RAL 7016   | <input type="checkbox"/> | White RAL 9016               |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Iron mica gray DB 703 |                          |                              |

## FIX<sup>2</sup>N SLIDE

Optional connecting plate, aluminium 8 mm



- FS 100 + 120**
- |                                 |                                 |                                 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 65 mm  | <input type="checkbox"/> 135 mm | <input type="checkbox"/> 235 mm |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 85 mm  | <input type="checkbox"/> 155 mm | <input type="checkbox"/> 255 mm |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 95 mm  | <input type="checkbox"/> 175 mm | <input type="checkbox"/> 275 mm |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 115 mm | <input type="checkbox"/> 195 mm | <input type="checkbox"/> 295 mm |
|                                 | <input type="checkbox"/> 215 mm | <input type="checkbox"/> 315 mm |

## Accessories

- LED strip
- Aluminium clip
- Additional end caps to cover the screws

# CANOPY *cloud* product inquiry

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Company \_\_\_\_\_

Street address \_\_\_\_\_

Postcode/ City \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone \_\_\_\_\_ Telefax \_\_\_\_\_

Email \_\_\_\_\_ (Please fill in all fields)

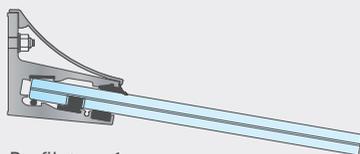
**The speedy inquiry:**

- Print/save inquiry
- Fill in
- Fax to **+49 (0) 6291/6259-11** or by email to **info@glassline.de**

Your inquiry will be processed as soon as possible.

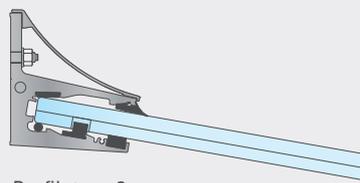
Construction project \_\_\_\_\_

**System 1,100 – LSG 16**  
max. reach: 1,100 mm



Profiletype 1  
max. glass width: 5,690 mm

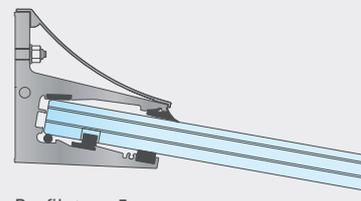
**System 1,300 – LSG 20**  
max. reach: 1,300 mm



Profiletype 3  
max. glass width: 5,690 mm

**System 1,500 – LSG 24**  
max. reach: 1,500 mm

**System 1,700 individual – LSG 26**  
max. reach: 1,700 mm



Profiletype 5  
max. glass width: 5,100 mm

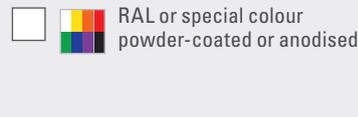
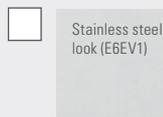
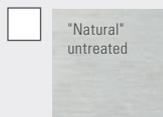
**System 1,900 individual – LSG 30**  
max. reach: 1,900 mm

width in mm: \_\_\_\_\_

reach in mm: \_\_\_\_\_

piece(s): \_\_\_\_\_

**Surface**  
(please check)



## FIX<sup>2</sup>N SLIDE

Optional connecting plate, aluminium 8 mm



- FS 100 + 120**
- 65 mm
  - 85 mm
  - 95 mm
  - 115 mm
  - 135 mm
  - 155 mm
  - 175 mm
  - 195 mm
  - 215 mm
  - 235 mm
  - 255 mm
  - 275 mm
  - 295 mm
  - 315 mm

## Accessories

- LED strip
- Aluminium clip
- Additional end caps to cover the screws

# GLASSLINE

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info@glassline.de

**www.glassline.de**

The system vendor for frameless glass architecture

As a leading supplier, GLASSLINE develops, manufactures and sells high-quality system solutions in the fields of point-to-point fixing systems, all-glass railing systems, frameless canopy constructions and systems with thermal separation for secure attachment of add-on elements to building envelopes.

